



Get Your **JOB PRINT-**  
ING done at the  
Chinook Advance Office

# The Chinook Advance

SUBSCRIBE FOR  
**CHINOOK ADVANCE**  
\$1.50 per Year

Vol 10. No. 12

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, June 25, 1925

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance

## Preserving Fruits

Apricots, Gooseberries  
Royal Ann Cherries  
And Other Fruits

VEGETABLES, NEW POTATOES, LETTUCE  
CELERY, CABBAGE, TOMATOES

New Stock of Shirts and Overalls

Eggs 20 and 22 cts. Butter 25 cts.

## Acadia Produce Co.

Quality—Economy—Service  
C. W. RIDEOUT CHINOOK GEO. E. AITKEN ALTA

## Dr. J. ESLER Dr. T. F. Holt,

Physician and Surgeon, Cereals, Dentist, of Oyen,  
Will be at the Chinook Hotel every Tuesday and Friday  
Will be at the Chinook Hotel Every THURSDAY.

**U** ARE SURE  
TO HAVE A  
GOOD TIME at  
**CHINOOK FAIR**  
Aug. 6

Be Loyal To Your Community

## CHINOOK MEAT MARKET



For Choice  
Cuts of  
Fresh Beef  
Pork  
Or Mutton  
We can supply you.

FRESH and SMOKED FISH

## Peter Petersen

CHINOOK ALTA.

If every wife knew what every  
widow knows, every husband  
would be insured.

Provide for the future with Life Insurance, and see our  
Agent, Robert Smith, Chinook Advance, Chinook

London & Scottish Life Assurance Corp.,  
Limited

## Langford U.F.A. Picnic

The Langford U. F. A. held their annual picnic last Friday. The weather was ideal, and there was a large attendance. A good program of sports had been arranged which was followed by a baseball match. To bring the festive day to a happy finish a dance was given in the Acadia hall. The music was supplied by the Chinook Orchestra.

## Cereal Sports Day Saturday, June 27

All roads will lead to Cereals next Saturday, June 27, when our neighboring town on the east will welcome visitors with open arms. The committee in charge of the sports have arranged a very attractive program and there will be something doing all the time. A baseball tournament commencing at one o'clock sharp is one of the features and besides horse racing, a big dance in the evening will wind up the day's fun.

## Union Church

Mr. A. O. McNeil will conduct the service in the Chinook Union Church next Sunday evening at 7.30. He will also hold a service at the Crystal School at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

## Death of Alberta Labor Member

The death of W. G. Johnston, labor member for Medicine Hat in the Alberta Legislature, occurred recently. Mr. Johnston was one of the most popular members of the house. A bye-election to fill the vacancy caused by his death will be held within the time specified by the new election act.

## Business Never Better

The Chinook Service Garage say that business was never better. The Ford sales are brisk and prospects for the sale of a number of new cars this season is very hopeful. During the past week they have sold two new Ford Sedan cars, one to James Rennie and one to R. Vanhook.

## Co-operative Pool Drive

The drive for memberships for the dairy, livestock and poultry pools in the province is now underway. In this connection three co-operative marketing experts visited the province the past week in the persons of Walton Petet, general secretary of the national council of co-operatives of the United States; W. J. Park, and Mr. Mercer, general manager and secretary respectively of the Fraser Valley co-operative milk producers association. These men addressed meetings at various points in the province. The drive for memberships in the three pools is making good progress.

## Nobility Visit Chinook

Lord Caithness and Col. Milne, of Aberdeen, Scotland, were guests at the Chinook hotel last Thursday and Friday. They were accompanied by C. M. Taylor, Vice-President of the Osler, Hammond & Nanton Loan Company. The party are making a tour of the Western Provinces in the interests of the North of Scotland Mortgage Company. After driving through the Chinook district on Friday, the party left for Medicine Hat.

## Investigate Chinook District For Sheep Farming

F. G. Wade, of Vancouver, and F. D. Osmond, of Cochrane, Alta., were in Chinook last week looking over this district with a view to putting in 4,000 sheep. In speaking to Mr. Carter, the proprietor of the Acadia Hotel, they informed him that if suitable arrangements could be made with the Minister of Agriculture for grazing leases, they no doubt would carry out their idea of introducing sheep farming in this district.

## Collholme Nazarene Church

Special missionary service will be held in the Collholme Nazarene Church next Sunday evening conducted by the Sunday School children. Service to commence at 7 p.m. Bright singing and an interesting program. All are welcome. Morning service at 11 o'clock.

## George Campbell Gets Nomination in Acadia

The Liberals of the Acadia constituency held their political convention in Cereals last Thursday, when a large gathering was present. Hon. C. R. Mitchell, M. E. C. Fisher, of Edmonton; Mr. Hinning, Mr. Lingle, Col. Eaton, Geo. Campbell and Win. Denton, were the speakers. There were but two names considered for candidate for member of the legislative assembly—Geo. Campbell, of Youngstown, and W. M. Denton, of Benton. Mr. Campbell was nominated. The nomination was later made unanimous by request of Mr. Denton.

The officers for the Liberal political association for Acadia were named as follows: Hon. president, Hon. W. M. Mackenzie King; hon. vice-presidents, Hon. Chas. Mitchell and Hon. Chas. Stewart; president W. Denton, of Benton; first vice president, E. Lamb, of Youngstown; second vice-president, W. M. Warren Peers, of Acadia Valley; third vice-president, J. C. Cottrell, of Cereals; secretary, H. M. Ball, of Sibbald.

**LOST**—A black mare colt 5 years old, white star on forehead, branded on right thigh. \$5.00 reward to finder. Reg. Witt, Chinook.

## W. A. Hurley Ltd.,

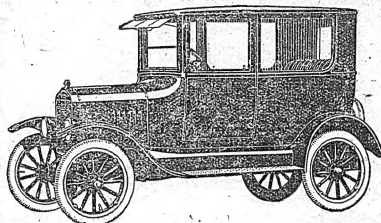
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables  
Strawberries, Pineapples, Tomatoes, Lettuce,  
Celery, Rhubarb, Carrots, and Cabbage

Place your orders now for  
Preserving Fruit

Summer Underwear  
Hats and Hosiery

Produce taken at highest price.

**W. A. HURLEY LTD.**



It is some source of satisfaction to know that when purchasing any commodity, you are receiving the maximum value for the amount of money expended. When buying a FORD product, no matter what it may be, this is exactly what applies.

Some Real Values in Our Used Car Department. Remember our Service is Always Behind You.

Genuine Ford Repairs. Radio, Sets and Supplies

## Oxy-Acetylene Welding

## Service Garage

**Ford**  
DEALERS

COOLEY BROTHERS, PROPRIETORS

## A. McALISTER

AGENT FOR

International Harvester and Cockshutt Company Implements

SHARES To Fit any make of Plow

12 inch \$3 14 inch \$3.25 16 inch \$3.75

Fire and Hail Insurance

Chinook

Alta.

## Robinson Bros.,

General Blacksmiths

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work Repairing

Oxy-Acetylene Welding

Chinook

Alta.

## File on Many Homesteads

Up to date in June a total of 62 homesteads have been filed on at the dominion land office at Edmonton by new settlers.

Chinook Agricultural Fair on Thursday, August 6.

Thirty mayors of western Canada will gather with government officials in Edmonton shortly to discuss the western trade route.

When an unpleasant task lies ahead of you, get it behind you without delay.

# RE ROSE

## COFFEE "is good coffee"

### Canada's Tied-Up Resources

(Second Article)

Apart from its agricultural lands, the material wealth of Canada is to be found in its natural resources—forests, fisheries and minerals. Through their development for use at home and abroad Canada can obtain much-needed population, traffic for its railways, and financial strength to carry and ultimately discharge the huge national debt of the Dominion.

Why is it, therefore, that in respect to its great mineral wealth so little has been done to develop these resources and thus provide for use by Canadian industries of many of those raw materials, or semi-manufactured products, which at the present time are imported in huge quantities?

The answer cannot be given in a few words, but requires some explanation. In years gone by, protected by a high Customs tariff, Canadian manufacturers had a glorious opportunity to build up their industries in a way where they would have been largely independent of foreign supplies. They neglected their opportunity. Instead of making use of the protection afforded them to develop the coal, iron, copper and other mineral products of their own Dominion, they continued to largely import these raw materials, and merely added the amount of the tariff to their selling price and pocketed it as additional profits.

During this period of Canada's history these mineral resources could have been purchased and developed at a fraction of present-day costs. But shortsightedly the manufacturers allowed the opportunity to go unheeded. Others, however, with greater vision began to bestir themselves and quietly, without any flourish of trumpets, United States capitalists and manufacturers have for years past been buying control of the natural resources of Canada.

The policy of United States capitalists and manufacturers has been a far-sighted one, aimed at the accomplishment of two main things. They have secured ownership and control of vital resources in Canada, not with the object of proceeding with their immediate development for use, but with the deliberate intention of tying them up and preventing present development. To what end was such a policy adopted?

In the first place, so long as Canadian manufacturers were content to go on buying supplies from the United States which they could have obtained for themselves through development of resources at home, just so long were these United States interests securing a very profitable business. Furthermore, as long as Canada's resources remained undeveloped, just so long were those supplies kept from entering into competition with similar supplies from the United States and those interested in the United States enabled to thereby maintain prices and control of trade which full development of Canada's resources would have threatened. In other words, the United States not only retained its best foreign customer, but non-development in Canada enabled United States interests to keep prices up at home and abroad.

But there was another consideration which had great weight with United States investors in their purchase of Canada's undeveloped resources. They foresaw that, with the rapid increase in the population of their country, the day was coming when their own natural resources would become exhausted, or at least prove inadequate to meet their own needs. Taking time by the forelock they therefore have been buying up Canada's undeveloped resources and holding them in an undeveloped state in reserve against the day when they will be urgently required and be multiplied many times in value. Evidence of the truth of these statements can be found on every hand. Rich deposits of copper are known to exist in Canada but are not being developed. They have passed under United States control. Let an oil well be discovered in Western Canada, as they have been, and they are "capped" and only the surplus overflow which would otherwise be wasted is used while the main flow is held in reserve and trainloads of crude oil from the United States continue to feed refineries in this country. Thus is employment provided in the United States and means of employment checked in Canada; thus is traffic provided for United States railways while Canadian railways are operated at a deficit; thus is Canadian money steadily diverted to the United States when every dollar is needed at home to carry the heavy burden of our war debt.

On the other hand, enormous development is taking place in the pulp and paper industry of Canada. It is growing by leaps and bounds and is being developed for the most part by foreign capital. Why? Because of the depletion of United States pulp resources and the demand for paper across the line. There is more than one paper mill in Canada, using Canadian water power and Canadian logs, owned entirely by United States interests and the whole output goes to the United States, while Canadians who have sought to purchase paper have been refused so much as a pound.

With some of the most extensive coal areas in the world, the mining of coal in Canada is still in its infancy while Canadians go on importing scores of millions of dollars' worth of coal every year from the United States. Canadian miners are, for the most part, members of a United States Union. Alberta miners are paid as high wages as anywhere on the continent, yet are constantly on strike for long periods and in receipt of "strike pay" from across the line, while United States miners are busy supplying the Canadian market.

Such is the situation in Canada today. What is the use of Parliament spending its time discussing ways and means of promoting immigration, or of how to stop the exodus of people to the United States, or of considering such futile policies as still higher tariff protection in order to stimulate industry and provide employment, when the basic resources of the Dominion through the development of which employment could be provided, not only for the present population, but which more are hopelessly tied up and their development prevented as a matter of deliberate policy?

#### Fish Weighed Five Tons

A skate caught recently weighed 250 lbs., which is 50 lb. more than the usual record of a century ago thought it over strained. But the devil fish of the West Indian sea, which, like the common skate, is a ray and resembles it in structure and appearance, is often much larger. One caught in 1822 weighed nearly five tons. In a dramatic account of its capture we read that "three pairs of oxen, one horse and 22 men all pulling together could not convey it far."

A fish hook 5,000 years old is found in the ruins of Kish. And where there is a fish hook there is a line which is being established between good story. Let the search proceed, British possessions the world over.

#### Settlers For Vancouver Island

New settlers continue to arrive for Vancouver Island, the majority of them by means. The greater number are Old Country people, ex-European Government and other officials from the Orient and retired well-to-do business men from Eastern Canada, California and Florida.

#### To Lay New Cable

It is understood a contract has been let for the manufacture of a submarine cable to be laid from Vancouver Island to Suva, Fiji Islands, by the Pacific cable board. This is part of the "all-red" cable and wireless route, and the "all-red" cable and wireless route, where there is a fish hook there is a line which is being established between good story. Let the search proceed, British possessions the world over.

#### Italian's Latest Invention

Driver Balances "Unicycle" With Body and Uses Feet as Brakes

At last the "unicycle" has been invented by Davide Glaghi, an officer in the motorcycle police corps of Milan, Italy. The unicycle consists of a large steel loop and an outer revolving wheel fitted with a pneumatic tire. The engine, steering wheel, and driver's seat are constructed within the circumference of the stationary steel hoop, to which the revolving wheel is attached by rollers. The driver balances the machine with his body as it whirls onward, and uses his feet as effective "brakes" whenever he desires to stop.

#### Mothers' Best Friend In Rearing Children

Pain and sudden sickness are apt to come upon us at any time and safety lies in having always handy on the shelf a reliable pain relief like good old Nerviline. For nearly half a century Nerviline has been a family standby, and most mothers have come to rely upon it in case of colds, sore throat, tight chest, headache, dizziness, nausea and sudden attacks of sickness at the stomach. For internal or external use, Nerviline is worth its weight in gold in every home, and costs but 35 cents at any dealer.

#### Expedition in India Vails

Col. Theodore and Kermel Roosevelt, heading the James Simpson-Field Museum, Chicago, expedition to Central Asia, have arrived safely at Leh, in the Valley of the Indus. They are proceeding to Kashgar, Eastern Turkistan. All members of the party are well, the messages said.

#### She Is Satisfied With the Results Quebec Lady Used Dodd's Kidney Pills

Madame E. Tremblay Suffered With Neuralgia, Headaches and Pains in Her Back

Grosses Roches, Que.—(Special).—No place appears to be too small to furnish at least one person who is prepared to say that they owe their health to the great Canadian Kidney Remedy, Madame E. Tremblay, a well-known resident here, is one of them.

"Your Dodd's Kidney Pills have done me much good. I am very satisfied with the results. I had pains in my back and head. My sleep was broken and unrefreshing, and my appetite was ruined. Six boxes of your Dodd's Kidney Pills have done me much good." Dodd's Kidney Pills are a kidney remedy. They strengthen the kidneys so they can do their full work of straining the impurities out of the blood. Dodd's Kidney Pills have been used for backaches, discharges, rheumatism, dropsy, urinary troubles and heart disease. People who use them are loud in their praise.

#### Distinction

Some men are born famous, some achieve fame, and some send postals to radio stations saying: "Your programme came in fine; we greatly enjoyed the Cod Liver Oil Quartette."

#### THANKFUL MOTHERS

Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little one she would use nothing else. The Tablets give such results that the mother has nothing but words of praise and thankfulness for them. Among the thousands of mothers throughout Canada who praise the Tablets is Mrs. David A. Anderson, New Glasgow, N.S., who writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my children since they were born. I would not be without them. I would urge every mother to keep a box of the Tablets in the house." The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach, drive out the poisons, relieve indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers and make teething easy. They are sold by medicine dealers, or by mail at 25¢ a box from "The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

#### Is Enjoying Wembley

Esimo From Baffin Land Falls in Love With Walrus

Nanyang, the Eskimo, who came all the way from Baffin Land, is out the British Empire Exhibition, to see and about August.

It will be remembered that on his arrival here, one day of London was enough to lay him low with pneumonia. He spent four weeks in Crouch End Hospital.

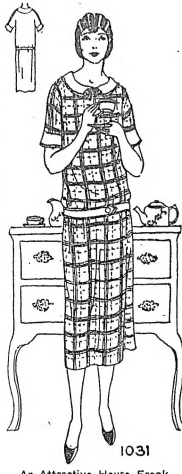
Nanyang, happily, is now well, and is seeing the lady's life. He was 4 ft. 11 in. of sheer delight all the time, and felt head over heels in love with "Old Bill," the walrus, and with one of the restaurant waitresses.

As official painter of fantastic jungle creatures, Miss Isabel Cooper, a member of the expedition investigating the Sargasso Sea, lays claim to having "the most peculiar job in the world."

Minard's Liniment for Backache

Look your best on Dominion Day 2 in 1 Shoe Polish Will take care of your shoes.

CLIPSE FASHIONS Exclusive Patterns by Hazel Cullen



An Attractive House Frock

A frock for which you will find innumerable uses, one that is practical and yet will fill the need for almost any occasion, is here shown. It may be adapted to any material, worn at any time and is delightfully easy to make. It has kimono sleeves, with shoulder seams, and may be of plain tulle for a house dress, or of tulle silk for a sports frock. It may be made with square neck or round neck and collar and with or without cuffs. The pattern, No. 1031, is cut in sizes 34", 46" inches bust, size 40 requiring 3½ yards of 36 or 40-inch material and is made of 36-inch contrasting material for trimming.

#### How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

.....

Name.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

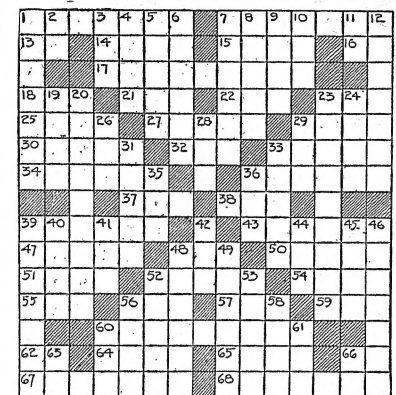
.....

.....

.....

.....

## OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE



- Horizontal
- 1—Argued.
  - 2—Trailing branches of.
  - 3—A device or element (abbr.).
  - 4—Name of Denmark.
  - 5—Wild party.
  - 6—Near.
  - 7—Those who practice cruel acts.
  - 8—Explode.
  - 9—A beverage.
  - 10—Turn to the right.
  - 11—Frozen water.
  - 12—Periods.
  - 13—Frozen rain.
  - 14—Reproves.
  - 15—Young boy.
  - 16—Spanish title for a priest.
  - 17—Shimmers.
  - 18—Rely.
  - 19—Lubricant.
  - 20—Peruse.
  - 21—Frankness.
  - 22—Division of a long poem.
  - 23—Vegetable.
  - 24—SOS (Roman numerals).
  - 25—Giggle.
  - 26—Sheepfold.
- Vertical
- 1—A device on stoves.
  - 2—Man's name.
  - 3—Confusion.
  - 4—Stretched tight.
  - 5—Pierce.
  - 6—Remove from the tracks.
  - 7—Soaked through.
  - 8—Wood plants.
  - 9—Fabled giant.
  - 10—A famous river in North America.
  - 11—A continent (abbr.).
  - 12—Thrown about.
  - 13—Pertaining to the mouth.
  - 14—Ancestry on the father's side.
  - 15—College dignitaries.
  - 16—Woody plant.
  - 17—Telephone (abbr.).
  - 18—Possesses.
  - 19—Long fish.
  - 20—Compacts.
  - 21—Negative.
  - 22—Leave out.
  - 23—A parent.
  - 24—A noble.
  - 25—Peculiar.
  - 26—A contract with seal attached.
  - 27—A vegetable.
  - 28—Perceive.
  - 29—Black liquid.
  - 30—Life juice of trees.
  - 31—Eating utensil.
  - 32—Relating to punishment.
  - 33—Title of respect.
  - 34—Strong term for a medical man.
  - 35—A narcotic drug.
  - 36—Soon.
  - 37—A doe.
  - 38—By way of.
  - 39—Man's name.
  - 40—Compacts.
  - 41—A substance used by painters.
  - 42—Omit.
  - 43—Broom in.
  - 44—Satan.
  - 45—Better balanced.
  - 46—Burial place.
  - 47—Heavenly body.
  - 48—Sound made by a dove.
  - 49—Mineral spring.
  - 50—Upon.
  - 51—Note of the scale.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JUNE 23

### REVIEW—IN JUDEA AND SAMARIA

Golden Text: Ye shall be my witnesses both in Jerusalem, and in all Judah and Samaria, and unto the uttermost part of the earth. Acts 1:8.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 93.

The early church started into existence. The last time that the disciples talked with Jesus, just before His death and resurrection and ascension. At Jerusalem, as He had bade, they waited, spending the time in prayer. The day of Pentecost came, and suddenly the disciples were witnesses both in Jerusalem, and in Judah and Samaria, and unto the uttermost parts of the earth.

The apostles, the leaders of the disciples, had had no thought of launching a new movement—the early church, as we call it. They had no organization, no programme. They were terribly startled by the Lord's death and resurrection and ascension. At Jerusalem, as He had bade, they waited, spending the time in prayer. The day of Pentecost came, and suddenly the disciples were witnesses both in Jerusalem, and in Judah and Samaria, and unto the uttermost parts of the earth.

On that great day, as Jesus Christ had promised, the Spirit came to the waiting group with wonderful dynamic force, hurrying their utmost being with a new energy and zeal. It was a time of great emotional excitement; they spoke in ecstatic words which conveyed their meaning to all who heard. So carried away with joy were they that outsiders who stood by the scene even accused them of being drunk. Their words and hearts were possessed and used by the Holy Spirit.

Corns are caused by the pressure of tight boots, but no one need be troubled with them long when so simple a remedy as Holloway's Corn Remover is available.

Result of Civilization  
Progress and civilization—these are what have led man out of the coyness and comparative privacy of a nice cave and made him live in apartments above the sky of a dog kennel and better to live at high noon—De-troit Free Press.

For Frost Bites and Chiblain.—Chiblains come from undue exposure to cold and cold from bite from the icy winds of winter. In the treatment of an excellent preparation is Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, which counteracts the inflammation and relieves the pain. The action of the oil is prompt and its application is extremely simple.

And it takes two fools with but a single thought to generate a full-sized case of mutual jealousy.

John Bunyan, author of "The Pilgrim's Progress," had a blind child, who visited him often in prison.

For Aches and Pains Use Minard's Liniment

### Answer To Last Week's Puzzle

BASEST TOMCAT  
AIL ORDER ARE  
TRAY ION ASKS  
T GAS P DASH T  
LO M E L T E R S  
S T O V E S P A L E  
S I T E S E A P A L  
B E G I R S E N O D D  
A T L A T E R A L V E  
T G A L E A L B E E L  
H O L D M S S A R E A  
E V E M E T E D G A Y  
R A N T E D D E M O N S

When our woman compliments another she says, "She's awfully clever, but—"

### Can't Do Without MINARD'S

"When we came back to England we brought a bottle of Minard's with us, but since then we can't get any liniment to come up to it. Will you please write and let us know how much it would cost to have 100 bottles sent over."

Old Town, Hastings, England.  
We receive dozens of letters from far away countries asking for Minard's. For sprains, bruises, burns, colds, inflammation, it has no equal.  
MINARD'S LINIMENT

LARGE Manufacturing Firm, selling concentrated flavoring extracts in tubes, direct to the homes, wants country Managers throughout the West. Write quick. Territory going fast. Crig Brothers, Des Moines, Iowa.

### WOOL

Made into yarn 35¢ lb., or Batts 25¢ lb. Write for circular for prices for underwear, sweaters, blankets, men's and women's clothing.

SUBURBY WOOLLEN MILLS, LIMITED  
Suburby, Ont.

### CARON LIGHT, WATER & POWER PLANTS

Caron Brothers  
102 3rd Ave., S.  
SASKATOON,  
Saskatchewan

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.  
THERAPION No. 1  
THERAPION No. 2  
THERAPION No. 3  
THERAPION No. 4  
THERAPION No. 5  
THERAPION No. 6  
THERAPION No. 7  
THERAPION No. 8  
THERAPION No. 9  
THERAPION No. 10  
THERAPION No. 11  
THERAPION No. 12  
THERAPION No. 13  
THERAPION No. 14  
THERAPION No. 15  
THERAPION No. 16  
THERAPION No. 17  
THERAPION No. 18  
THERAPION No. 19  
THERAPION No. 20  
THERAPION No. 21  
THERAPION No. 22  
THERAPION No. 23  
THERAPION No. 24  
THERAPION No. 25  
THERAPION No. 26  
THERAPION No. 27  
THERAPION No. 28  
THERAPION No. 29  
THERAPION No. 30  
THERAPION No. 31  
THERAPION No. 32  
THERAPION No. 33  
THERAPION No. 34  
THERAPION No. 35  
THERAPION No. 36  
THERAPION No. 37  
THERAPION No. 38  
THERAPION No. 39  
THERAPION No. 40  
THERAPION No. 41  
THERAPION No. 42  
THERAPION No. 43  
THERAPION No. 44  
THERAPION No. 45  
THERAPION No. 46  
THERAPION No. 47  
THERAPION No. 48  
THERAPION No. 49  
THERAPION No. 50  
THERAPION No. 51  
THERAPION No. 52  
THERAPION No. 53  
THERAPION No. 54  
THERAPION No. 55  
THERAPION No. 56  
THERAPION No. 57  
THERAPION No. 58  
THERAPION No. 59  
THERAPION No. 60  
THERAPION No. 61  
THERAPION No. 62  
THERAPION No. 63  
THERAPION No. 64  
THERAPION No. 65  
THERAPION No. 66  
THERAPION No. 67  
THERAPION No. 68  
THERAPION No. 69  
THERAPION No. 70  
THERAPION No. 71  
THERAPION No. 72  
THERAPION No. 73  
THERAPION No. 74  
THERAPION No. 75  
THERAPION No. 76  
THERAPION No. 77  
THERAPION No. 78  
THERAPION No. 79  
THERAPION No. 80  
THERAPION No. 81  
THERAPION No. 82  
THERAPION No. 83  
THERAPION No. 84  
THERAPION No. 85  
THERAPION No. 86  
THERAPION No. 87  
THERAPION No. 88  
THERAPION No. 89  
THERAPION No. 90  
THERAPION No. 91  
THERAPION No. 92  
THERAPION No. 93  
THERAPION No. 94  
THERAPION No. 95  
THERAPION No. 96  
THERAPION No. 97  
THERAPION No. 98  
THERAPION No. 99  
THERAPION No. 100

Fresh and carefully packed in pure olive oil. Keep a stock in the pantry for easily prepared, enjoyable meals.



KING OSCAR  
SARDINES

W. N. U. 1592



# Bee Culture Is Found To Be Most Profitable In The West Owing To Ideal Conditions

"Why should prairie people pay out thousands of dollars each year for sugar when the sugar bill can be reduced to microscopic proportions, even eliminated altogether, by bee culture?"

This is the question, propounded by Dr. S. A. Merkley, Moose Jaw, secretary of the Saskatchewan Beekeepers' Association.

Dr. Merkley answers with the opinion that "there isn't any reason that he has been able to discover to date why people in the Canadian west should pay out large sums for imported sweets annually. To back his contention he points out:

That although the honey making season is shorter in Saskatchewan than in the Southern American states, a hive of bees here will make 35 to 50 per cent. more honey than a hive of bees in Texas, Louisiana, Alabama, Arizona, Florida, or any other of the honey-producing states.

That recent improvements in bee culture make a small apiary so profitable and so little trouble that no farmer in Saskatchewan should be considered well-equipped without a few hives.

Dr. Merkley also points out that aside from the actual material benefits to be derived from the business, there is the element of interest which beekeeping adds to farm life. So fascinating is the study of the busy little workers that they keep the farmer from worrying about drought, shortness of feed and the next payments on farm machinery; the children are amused and kept on the farm; the farmer's wife is supplied with a welcome variation to the mundane, routine tasks, and the whole family receive better and more diversified food.

Ten years ago, the culture of bees in Saskatchewan was practically a new thing. A few faddists had introduced the industrious insects, but for the most part, beekeeping on the prairies was considered impracticable. The climate was unsuitable, some held. Others declared that there were not sufficient or suitable flowers and blossoms from which the bees could get nectar used in the manufacture of their product.

But once an apiarist, always an apiarist. Among the settlers from Eastern Canada and the Old Country, there were many who had raised bees. Experimentation proved that honey production was not only feasible in Saskatchewan, but that the climatic conditions and the resources of plant life from which the ingredients were obtained by bees for honey were even more suitable than in other parts of Canada and the United States. For example:

A good hive of bees in the province will produce from 250 to 300 pounds of honey in a single season. (Honey ranges in price from 20 cents a pound for "strained" to 25 and 40 cents a pound for "comb.")

The longer days in the more northerly districts give the bees longer working time during the season, more than offsetting the shorter days but longer season further south.

In Saskatchewan, as in other parts of the prairie, the nectar resulting in an accessible part of the flower practically throughout the day, while in the Southern States, it can be tapped by the bees only during the morning periods, or on dull, misty days.

Perhaps it is the rigors of the climate which gives to the bees in this province a hardihood which their brethren further south do not have. Food brood, the cause of beekeeping, is unknown in Saskatchewan at the present time, partly for this reason and partly because of the strict regulations of the provincial department of agriculture. By an act of the legislature, it is an offence to import bees into Saskatchewan, except when separated from the comb.

Those who wish to make a start are not faced with any great expense. Two pounds of bees, sufficient for a hive, can be brought in by express at an aggregate cost of not more than five or six dollars. In the package is the queen, separated from the workers by a little cage. One candy, in place of honey, supplies the necessary food for the journey.

The imported bees are not difficult to acclimatize. Within a few days they are thoroughly at home and working.

**Empire Publicity Scheme**  
The Federation of British Industries has lodged a detailed statement with the board of trade to conduct on a broad basis an empire publicity scheme to use British goods. It will be coordinated with other measures to which the government's fund of £1,000,000 may be applied.

More than 50,000 girls are seeking jobs in the movies in California.

W. N. U. 1352

## Douglas Fir Shipped To Many Countries

Great Demand For Timber From British Colonies

The height and girth of the trees of British Columbia constitute probably the best known feature of the western province to those who reside in the central and eastern portions of the Dominion. The Pacific province has as large an assortment of trees as any other section of Canada, but the Douglas Fir and the Red and Giant Cedar, reach the greatest heights, often exceeding twelve feet in diameter. The Douglas Fir is very tough and strong, and is in demand for the manufacture of ship spars and timbers for bridge and factory construction. South America, Australia, Africa, China and Europe import large shipments of this timber. The Red Cedar is used chiefly in the manufacture of shingles and in interior decoration.

The large forests are located on the western slopes of the Rockies. It is generally supposed that the moisture laden winds from the Pacific, wafting handwinds for thousands of years have, in conjunction with a naturally rich soil, produced the conditions for the growth of this remarkable timber. Many of the trees are centuries in age. In the doorway of one of the buildings of the University of Toronto a section of a tree from British Columbia is on display. The highly polished surface clearly shows the thin annual rings. The date of cutting being known some historians have noted the important events of history during the past seven or eight hundred years, and marked each upon the surface of the proper ring.

## Beekeepers Must Be Educated to Industry

Knowledge Necessary to Success Says President of Manitoba Association

Although beekeepers in the province of Manitoba have increased fourfold during the last two years, it is not likely that the honey crop will by any means increase in the same proportion until the new beekeepers become educated to the industry and the bees themselves thoroughly established. This will take two or three years according to a statement by G. M. Newson, president of the Manitoba Beekeepers' Association.

Many people have rushed into beekeeping without first making themselves thoroughly acquainted with the industry. Large quantities of bees are being shipped to various parts of the province.

## Alberta Poultry

Over Five Million Pounds of Poultry Marketed in 1924

Within the past three years so great have been the strides made in the poultry industry, that Alberta has turned from an importing to an exporting province with respect to eggs and other products. During 1924 more than 60,000 cases of eggs were exported from Alberta, the bulk going to England and Scotland. During that year also more than 5,000,000 pounds of live poultry were marketed by farmers in the province.

## Prizes For Livestock

Alberta Is a Consistent Winner at Canadian and American Shows

Alberta's reputation as a producer of fine quality livestock is evidenced by the frequent winnings of provincial exhibitors at Canadian and American shows in recent years. Last year Alberta exhibitors won 75 prizes, six championships and one reserve championship, as compared with 12 prizes and two championships and one reserve championship in 1923, and 13 prizes in 1920.

## Errors Of Judgment

Most aviation accidents are due to slight errors of judgment, according to a recent analysis made of more than 300 mishaps in the Royal Air Force.

It was found that of 60 per cent. of the accidents, due to errors in judgment, but a small number of accidents at flying schools, while a large number were caused by carelessness among recently graduated pilots.

## Paper From Straw

John Bache-Wilg, inventor of the process for converting straw into paper pulp, has arrived at Edmonton for the purpose of conducting experiments to ascertain the commercial value of Alberta straw.

"No one should attempt to take a bone from a dog's mouth," says a doctor. Quite! But supposing the bone belongs to your own leg!

## Canada Losing A Competitor

United States Apparently Will Soon Cease Exporting Wheat

The United States a year or so ago ceased to produce cattle for export. Apparently it is, nearing the time when it will no longer export wheat. The crop of the present year is estimated to about equal the home demand. While it is smaller than the crop of last year the shrinkage is not all due to unfavorable weather conditions, but in part to the development of other branches of agriculture.

Another and larger competitor of Canada in the markets of Europe and the Orient is thus prospectively out of the running this season, and approaching the time when it will consume all the wheat it produces. The outlook is correspondingly better that the Canadian grower will be able to find buyers for all the wheat he grows and to get a price for it that will leave him a living profit.—Edmonton Bulletin.

## Comparing Varieties Of Flowers

Exhibitions Afford Opportunity to Choose New Seeds for Next Year

During the summer and early fall there will be held many horticultural exhibitions in all provinces. These will include the annual exhibitions of the local horticultural societies, county fairs, provincial and national exhibitions and special shows devoted to such flowers as the sweet pea, rose, peony, iris and gladiolus. These shows afford an excellent opportunity to study and compare the different varieties of flowers, vegetables or fruits exhibited and from this comparison a better choice of plants or seeds may be made in ordering this fall or next spring. It is not often that one sees visitors taking written notes at these exhibitions, but it is a good plan to do this as it is very difficult to carry the names of new and good varieties in one's mind.

## Marked Improvement In Business

A distinct improvement in general business conditions in Manitoba and throughout the west; fewer failures and substantially improved collections were reported by the board of governors and the manager at the annual meeting of the Manitoba division of the Canadian Credit Men's Trust Association.

Of the nearly 3,000 postaltranslates appointed during the last year, Texas led all the other states with 166, California was second with 154, and Pennsylvania third with 133.

The United States army now is experimenting with aerial bombs six times as large as those dropped on Paris and London during the war.

## Fruit Crop Light In B. C.

Report Says Frost Caused Damage to Trees and Bushes

British Columbia's fruit crop will be light this season according to reports received from all sections of the province. The light yield includes both small and tree fruits. Frost has caused serious damage to trees and bushes in the form of both bud and root injury. Strawberry plants are reported to have suffered severely and while the Vancouver Island districts escaped with less injury, the crops there will be light compared to average years.

Apples will show a falling off and pears and stone fruits will be very light in the Fraser Valley. The yield of raspberries gives promise of about 85 per cent. of last year's crop, but the blackberries will be only from 40 to 50 per cent. and loganberries will be shorter still.

## Alfalfa Meal For Cattle

Did Not Prove As Valuable In Test As Bran

On account of many inquiries with regard to the feeding value of alfalfa meal a test was made at the central experimental farm with a group of Ayrshire and Holstein cows. The cows were fed standard rations of corn silage, clover hay and meal, the meal being partly composed of either bran or alfalfa meal. According to the report of the Dominion animal husbandman, the alfalfa meal in the test did not prove as valuable a feed for dairy cows as bran, but this depends a good deal on the price paid for each. If the alfalfa meal can be bought at a price some ten to fifteen per cent. lower than bran, it may prove more economical.

## Beaver Fur Sale

The largest beaver fur sale by the Alberta Provincial Government game guardian's department for some years past was put through a few days ago, when 216 pelts were sold to Edmonton dealers. The average price realized was \$12.75 and the top price in the lot was \$100 for three particularly fine skins.

## Never Stopped Swimming

The world's "swimmingest" porpoise died recently in an aquarium. During the three years he was in the tank, no one ever saw the fish when it was not swimming. It always took its meals of small fish while moving through the water and officials of the zoo estimate that it covered 25,000 miles in three years.

The self-made man isn't always as careful as he might be in selecting his materials.



## Queen Mary Is Quite Democratic

Queen Mary was not at all averse to riding in the children's railway in the Wembley Exposition, at London, where the Empire products are on display, in fact she rather liked it. Both the King and Queen are noted for their friendly interest in the little folk and on all occasions show their sympathy by taking part as much as possible in their activities. The ride through the Canadian Pacific Rockies on the miniature railway has furnished thrills for thousands upon thousands of children from all parts of the world and for the honoree Their Majesties became one with them and enjoyed to the full the trip on the observation car.

Queen Mary, as always, was dressed in dignified style, wearing a graceful gown of crepe with embroidery of cut work, and toque of silk with entablature of fawn velvet flowers and carried a parasol of contrasting color. As ornaments, Her Majesty wore a magnificent brooch of diamonds and a string of matchless pearls.

# Canada Takes Leading Place In The Important Work Of Systematic Seed Improvement

## Britain Leads In Linen Industry

United Kingdom Competes Successfully With Germany and Belgium

In support of the contention that Great Britain leads in the linen industry, the Bankers Trust Company's Informant draws attention to the fact that of the total imports into the United States of various kinds of linen goods in 1923, 70 per cent. to 82 per cent. came from Great Britain. For example, and notwithstanding a duty of 55 per cent, the United States took 32 per cent. of the woven fabrics of flax exported from the United Kingdom, against 14 per cent. from Belgium; of woven fabrics of flax on which the duty was 40 per cent., \$1.7 per cent. came from Great Britain and 12 per cent. from Belgium; of plain woven fabrics \$1.3 per cent. came from Great Britain, and of flax table damask and manufactures of flax 7.8 per cent. came from the United Kingdom, against 13.5 per cent. from Czechoslovakia, and 12.5 per cent. from Germany.

## Ship Alberta Coal To East

25,000 Tons To Be Transported By C.N.R. To Southwestern Ontario

The Canadian National Railway has issued instructions to transportation and traffic officers located in the western region to accept 25,000 tons of Alberta coal for shipment to points in Southwestern Ontario.

Some time ago, on representations of the Ontario Government, who wanted to find out if Alberta coal could be carried to Ontario, to be sold in competition with anthracite from Pennsylvania, the Canadian National Railway transported a quantity of coal from Alberta to the province, but it was discovered that shipments could not be made at the low rate quoted in that test.

Representations recently made by the coal operators of Alberta, supported by the Provincial Government, in Sir Henry Thornton, resulted in orders for the present test, the effect of which will be accurately calculated.

## Manitoba Butter In Montreal

Western Butter Is Now Invading the Eastern Market

Loads of butter from Manitoba creameries are among the strange spectacles now being witnessed in Montreal. Up till within the last year or so no such thing as Manitoba butter could be seen here. Loads of butter from Eastern Canada on their way for shipment to the west were common. But mixed farming is making progress in the west, and Manitoba butter in the eastern market is one of the consequences.

It is quite evident that when the Hon. J. E. Caron told the dairy farmers of Quebec the other day that if they wished to retain their laurels in the domestic and foreign markets they must improve their methods he knew what he was talking about.—Montreal Herald.

## Fear Fuel Shortage

Chairman of Dominion Fuel Board Issues a Warning

Dr. Charles Cammell, chairman of the Dominion fuel board, issues the warning that the wage agreement between the American anthracite operators and miners will expire on September 1 of this year and that many well informed coal men fear a suspension of operations in the anthracite fields at that time.

Just at present, says Dr. Cammell, anthracite coal is coming into Canada at a normal rate, but should there be a suspension of operations in the anthracite fields that would last any considerable time, a very serious shortage of supply for domestic consumers in Central Canada might occur.

## West Indies Would Trade With Canada

Ready to Concede Much to Strengthen Imperial Bonds

All of the West India colonies are prepared to meet Canada as a sister part of the British Empire and concede everything possible in trade and otherwise, which tends for the betterment of imperial relations. Such was the sentiment expressed by Jamacan delegates to the West Indies conference sponsored by the Canadian Government, during a discussion of trade matters and the possible revision of the existing agreement between the Dominion and the West Indies.

Sharper than the tooth of a serpent is the sarcasm of one who has no sympathy with human vanity.

## Among the countries of the world, Canada occupies a foremost place in regard to her organization both for systematic seed improvement and for handling high-class seed in commercial quantities under efficient control.

Twenty years ago, the Canadian Seed Growers' Association was established with headquarters at Ottawa, for the purpose of encouraging greater interest in the production and use of a better class of seed on Canadian farms. This association is composed of individual growers who operate according to certain regulations. There are now upwards of 4,000 of these men scattered throughout all the provinces of the Dominion, and their work is having a widespread influence.

While most of the actual breeding work is performed at the various agricultural colleges and experimental stations, yet there is a considerable number of the members who carry on selection work in one form or another, and who have contributed very materially to the improvement of the various commonly grown. Their work today, however, is largely one of multiplying the so-called "Elito Seed" developed by the colleges and stations. These institutions realize fully that, if this work is to be productive of the greatest benefit to the country, their products must be used by those who grow crops. They realize furthermore that, in the absence of any definite system of control, their productions very quickly might lose their identity, or depreciate through becoming mixed with other sorts. They therefore welcome and encourage in every way the work of the association.

In a number of the provinces, subsidiary seed organizations have been established. Of these, the Alberta Seed Growers' Association is probably doing the largest business, although it has only been operating for two years. During this period, it has sold many thousands of bushels of wheat, oats and barley, some of which have come as far as Ontario. Very considerable quantities have also gone to the United States. The United States trade has received a very decided stimulus through the remarkable wingings of Canadian grains exhibited by members at the international seed exhibitions. In this connection it is interesting to note that practically every year since the inception of these international seed exhibitions, some fifteen years ago, the world-famous Marquis wheat, originated at the experimental farm, Ottawa, or a derivative of this variety, has won the grand sweepstakes prize for the best hard spring wheat.

Thanks to the work of the various plant-breeding institutions, Canada now has at her disposal a very creditable assortment of varieties of grain. The old Red Fife wheat which first attracted the attention of the world to Canada as a producer of wheat of high quality, has been superseded by at least seven other varieties, both as regards yield and earliness of maturity. The Marquis wheat just referred to occupies first place as regards total area grown. It is estimated that at least 50 per cent. of all the spring wheat grown in Western Canada, and about 70 per cent. of the spring wheat grown in the United States consists of Marquis.

While steady and substantial progress is being made in the production and development of superior varieties of grains there is room for improvement. In the west, for instance, there is a need for productive, strong-strawed varieties of wheat of high quality which will either resist or escape the ravages of wheatstem rust. A good deal of progress has been made in this direction already, and it is confidently expected that before very long varieties will be introduced which will be able to cope more successfully with this grave menace to successful crop raising.

## Find Skeleton On Farm

Flinding a skeleton on a farm west of Prince Albert, about three feet below the surface while digging a well, W. C. Chapman called in the coroner, Dr. J. H. Jackson. The latter investigated, and from the surroundings six metal uniform buttons found with the skeleton decided that they were the remains of a victim of the fighting in the Riel rebellion. The bones were reinterred and the police will take no action.

## Re-assured Her

She was a freshman from Vassar. "Oh dear," she sighed, "I simply can't adjust myself to this life." "It doesn't show any," he reassured her, blushing. And then they both talked rapidly about the decorations.

## The primitive Indians of North America made moccasins from acorn

meat.

WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

Robert E. A. Graham, one of Canada's foremost livestock men and one of the best judges on the continent, died in Toronto, June 14.

Henry Roy Davis, of Milner, B.C., fourth year medical student at McGill University, will represent Canadian universities at Wembley during the month of August.

Prof. Basil Williams, of McGill University, is to succeed Sir Richard Lodge, who is retiring, as head of the department of history at the University of Edinburgh.

Persia has withdrawn from the arms conference because of the conference decision that Persian ships in the Gulf of Persia could be searched if suspected of engaging in forbidden arms traffic.

The tomb of Virgil at Naples has been purchased by the Italian Government and a large sum will be expended in restoring the ancient Latin poet's resting place as part of this year's celebration in his honor.

Mme. Marusa Tretyke, wife of a Russian colonel, has been sentenced to death for her activities as head of a notorious group of anti-Soviet bandits who terrorized the whole of the Ukraine for more than two years.

An extensive program of dental health, embracing examination and dental service to immigrants, was outlined at the annual meeting of the Canadian dental hygiene council held at Toronto.

"Trade between Canada and India is developing steadily with an increasing market offering for timber and machinery," said H. A. Chisholm, Canadian trade commissioner at Calcutta, who arrived in Victoria recently on board the liner Empress of Russia.

The Jerusalem correspondent of the London Daily Mail says the shrine of the Holy Sepulchre has been discovered to be in a highly dangerous condition, the plinth and parts of the marble facing of the outer walls bulging badly.

Dr. Mack Eastman, professor of history at the University of British Columbia, will leave in a few days for Geneva, where he will be in the employ of the department of labor of the League of Nations. He has been granted a year's leave of absence from the university.

Germany will be a member of the League of Nations by the autumn, and at the next session of the United States in December decision will be reached that will make the United States a member of the world court. Sir George Foster expressed this opinion in an address at Montreal on the League of Nations.

Many Compliments For  
Empire Exhibition

Wembley Show This Year Could Not Be Improved On

The finished and much improved appearance of the British Empire Exhibition this year has been generally recognized and has formed the subject of complimentary comment since the opening of the big show at Wembley. The beautiful gardens, the wonderful illuminations, the catering for the big crowd, and the entire layout of the exhibition leave little, if anything, that could be improved upon.

Unfortunately, through the misreading of a Canadian Press cable recently in connection with a comparison which was made between the Wembley show and the international show at Paris, it was made to appear that the former was not in readiness at the opening, whereas the Paris exhibition was. What was intended to be conveyed in the cable was that the Wembley show had emerged with complete credit with its readiness for receiving visitors from the opening day onward.

## Canada and New Zealand

Some idea of Canada's trade with New Zealand can be gathered from the fact that exports from Canada during the month of February, 1925, amounted to \$1,632,577, of which amount \$128,550 was made up of agricultural and vegetable products, while wood, wood products and paper amounted to \$172,343. The greatest amount was furnished by iron and iron products, exports of which in the month of February amounted to \$572,712.

## Animals Being Acclimatized

Ninety sacred baboons from Abyssinia have reached the London Zoo, and, until acclimatized, will be put into a cage supplied with radiant heat and light. Sheltered ledges outside the cage will be electrically warmed by rays of artificial sunshine.

Why blame the hotel patron for kicking when he has to pay good dollars for poor quarters?

W. N. U. 1652

Believe In Success  
Of Non-Stop Flight

French Aviators Preparing For Paris-New York Trip

"Our chances of success are five in 100, and that is sufficient," said Paul Tarascon, war-maimed aviator, when questioned about the proposed Paris-New York non-stop flight which he and another war ace, Francis Coli, will attempt this summer.

"The big jump can be made. Given a smooth working motor and a sound navigating plane with a lifting capacity sufficient to take off with enough fuel to stay in the air 30 hours, the Paris-New York flight is no more difficult than several feats performed in recent years," Coli opined.

Expert mechanics are now busy tuning up the motor, while plane builders are putting the finishing touches to the machine. The latter part of July has been fixed as the probable time.

Five thousand litres of fuel and oil which the plane must carry at the start present a problem. How to store this liquid without interfering with the stability of the plane is causing the experts much trouble.

England, Ireland, Newfoundland, and Nova Scotia is the proposed itinerary.

Sweden Developing  
Electrical Power

Intends In Time To Electrify All Of Its Railroads

After having ruled supreme for 100 years, steam is being routed in Sweden as motive power in transportation both on land and sea. The most recently published statistics show that of all the boats now under construction in Swedish shipyards, more than 80 per cent. are to be propelled by motors, and on the railroads the old-fashioned locomotives are being discarded in favor of either electrical engines or motor trucks. Having no coal and plenty of water power, Sweden intends in time to electrify all its railroads.

In the meantime motor driven trucks are rapidly displacing the steam engines on shorter hauls. The Halsstad-Nasjo line, for instance, has converted an ordinary automobile into a railroad truck, capable of hauling three and a half tons at 25 miles an hour. Railroad trucks with Diesel motors, which burn crude oil, are still more economical, and the Deva Company of Gothenburg has completed 25 of this type and has ten more under construction.

## To Rebuild Minaki Inn

Guests Will Be Accommodated at the Lodge and Resort Is Open as Usual

Immediate steps will be taken to rebuild the Minaki Inn, burned to the ground recently. Loss through fire to buildings and equipment has been estimated at \$150,000, fully covered by insurance. The management of the Canadian National Railways announces that preparations have been made to accommodate guests at the Lodge at Minaki, which was undamaged by fire. New equipment to be installed in this building under the direction of the manager, H. T. Knight, will permit the opening for the reception of guests on June 27. The lodge was originally intended for the housing of winter guests, and is one of the most substantial buildings at Minaki.

The fire destroyed only the main building and contents. The dance pavilion, boat house, swimming accommodations and ice house were untouched by flames and will be operated as in past years. The new golf course was in no way damaged by the fire.

## Winnipeg Summer Fair

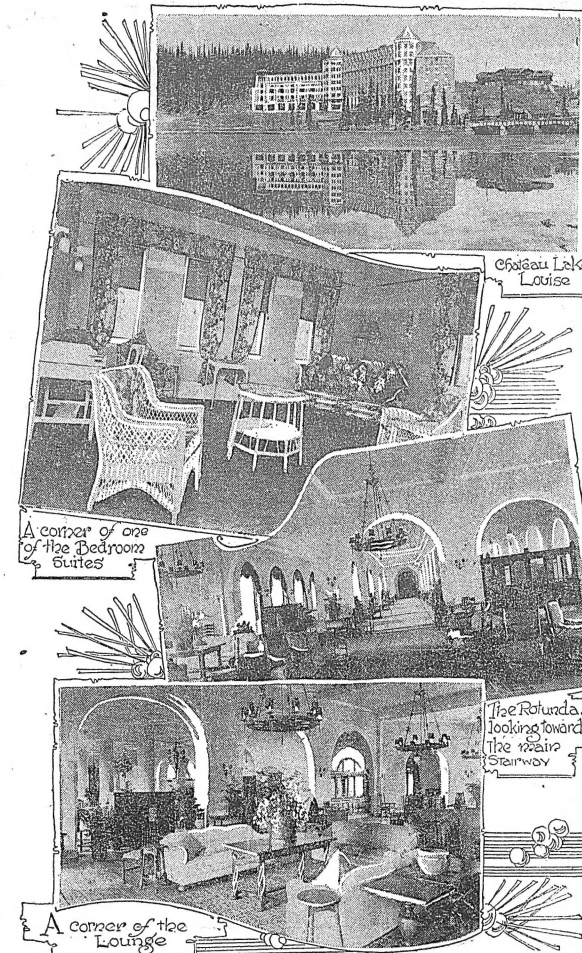
Educational Features Will Occupy An Important Place

Educational features will have an important place in the Winnipeg summer fair, as more than three hundred feet of space have been set aside, and will be devoted to special demonstrations and instructive exhibits, dealing with vital subjects affecting the city, home and nation.

Among the set pieces to be seen during the two weeks will be those dealing with early trading with the Indian; the granting of the royal charter by King Charles II. in 1670; Prince Rupert; the first governor of the Hudson's Bay Company; Sir Robert Mores-Kinley; G.B.E., the present governor; the purchasing of the Red River land from the Indians; King George V.; Queen Mary; Lord Dufferin; Lord Selkirk; Sir Arthur Currie; Sir James Aikins; Premier John Bracken; Mayor R. H. Webb; City Clerk Chas. Brown; flags; provincial and city emblems; coat-of-arms of Canada; historical events; and other famous personages.

There is no future in being a Balkan statesman.

## THE NEW CHATEAU LAKE LOUISE



This new nine-storey hotel, occupying the ground space of an entire city block, was taken over from the contractors two weeks before its opening on June 1, by the Canadian Pacific Railway. It is the new Chateau Lake Louise, built last winter at a cost of two million dollars on the banks of the famous Lake Louise 6,500 feet up in the Canadian Rockies.

To equip this new hotel and stock it with food for guest occupancy on June 1, 800 beds, 200 bureau, 750 chairs, 200 pieces of upholstery, 200 desks for rooms, with sheets and pillow cases, box bed springs and other equipment to match, had to be rushed in at the last moment; for the opening banquet at the hotel seated the full capacity of the new dining rooms of 500 persons.

A staff of 425 men and women, in-

cluding three managers, had to be on hand a week before its opening. These employees have a building to themselves equipped with rooms with bath, hot and cold running water, a rotunda and a ballroom.

The new Chateau Lake Louise has 400 rooms with bath, all outside rooms, 210 of them with southern exposure facing the famous lake.

Jewels telegraph and cable offices in the rotunda, each bedroom contains a phone which can be connected with long distance.

A resident doctor and trained nurse will have offices in this building to look after the health of its guests; and a special dining room has been built for the maids, nurses and younger children of the guests.

Chateau Lake Louise is now said to be the largest and most modern equipped chateau in the world.

## Wheat Outlook In U. S.

Large Percentage of Winter Wheat Acreage Has Been Abandoned

If wheat goes to a fancy price next fall, American farmers will not be the principal beneficiaries. The crop in this country does not promise very well according to a government report, says the Buffalo Express. More than half the winter wheat acreage was abandoned in Washington, Montana, Oregon, New Mexico and Texas in the entire country. Estimates as to spring wheat acreage are not yet accurate, but the guess is that it will not be above the average as to either quality or quality.

Canada is reported to have planted an acreage fully as large as last year, with soil conditions and moisture excellent. Prospects in other countries are good, also, it is said. This country may not have much exportable surplus wheat this year. That will mean a benefit to other producing countries if the price, as is expected, remains high.

## Powerful Indian Prince Dies

The Maharajah of Gualior, one of India's richest and most powerful princes, died suddenly in Paris. He was cremated in modern style, wearing his royal robes and with all his jewels, after efforts had failed to have his body burned on a great open air funeral pyre in Paris, in accordance with his religious rites.

Bamboo, when young, can be snapped off and eaten like asparagus.

## Award Road Contracts

Saskatchewan Government Spending Considerable Money In Road Improvements This Year

Considerable road improvement is being carried out in Saskatchewan during the present season and the Provincial Government recently let contracts for road work totalling \$87,000. The new work includes improvement of the road from Madsen east for nine miles, at a cost of \$11,000; improvement of the road from Saskatoon to Grandora at a cost of \$12,000; improvement of the road from Bladworth north for six miles at a cost of \$7,500; improvement of the road from Corliss south, five miles, at a cost of \$1,500; and improvement of the road from Kenaston to Hanley at a cost of \$12,000.

Improvement of a road from Trossachs east at a cost of \$13,000; improvement of road from Quill Lake to Watson and three miles north of Watson at a cost of \$16,000.

## Well Qualified

Prospective Employer—But can you set up in the morning?

Maid Applicant—Can I? Why, in my last place, I used to be up and have all the beds made before anyone else was up.

"Do you think, young man, that you could give my daughter all she asks for?"

"I think so," murmured the lover bashfully. "She says she wants only me."

## World Scarcity In Wheat

Factor, That Will Likely Hold Prices Up For Some Time

Blue ruin evilmen, who do not like to see the farmers happy, tell them that high wheat prices cannot last because those prices are supported solely by speculation.

They say that the bottom may drop out of the wheat market any day that some gambling ring wants it to drop. The farmers should not worry too much about it. There is one factor that will probably hold wheat prices up for years.

Normally, Russia produces one billion bushels of wheat. For the past few years Russian wheat has not been a factor in world markets. Nor will it be a factor for years to come.—Van-couver Sun.

## Best Pastime For Hogs

Sudan grass had a slight superiority over Marrow-stemmed kale in a test made with Berkshire and Yorkshire hogs at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, in 1923. There was little difference in the actual feeding value of the two pastures, but the Sudan was ready earlier than the kale and supplied green feed for a period of nine days longer.

## The Soft Answer

Persistent Interrupter. — "Liar! Liar!"

Speaker.—"If my friend will give me his name instead of his profession, I shall be delighted to make his acquaintance."

Sauce For  
The Goose

More Co-operation and a Better Understanding Needed Between the East and the West

At the dinner given by the Quebec Division of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, an attempt was made to have all the provinces represented on the bill of fare. Saskatchewan was represented by "Salad" and Manitoba by "Sauce," while Alberta was recognized by serving "Assorted Cakes."

These are all very light refreshments to represent the hardy sons of toil of the plains, but what else could one expect from such an organization? They represent very well the amount of consideration Western Canada has received at their hands. A little Saskatchewan salad, over which is poured some Manitoba sauce, with a few Alberta assorted cakes as a tit-bit may do as a filler, but as substantial fare will not go far in satisfying a young, strong robust man.

Now, these prairie provinces are dishing up to the Canadian manufacturers something far more substantial upon which they are feeding sumptuously every day. We in the west are but human like the rest of folk. It gives us pleasure to help another; it also affords us pleasure when we receive, with good grace, from others. Western Canada is certainly doing its part to place our country on the map. Its products are known world-wide and we are today contributing considerably to the wealth of Canada. We feel, therefore, that there is a little more than salad, sauce, or assorted cakes coming to us when our wishes and needs are being discussed by our eastern friends.

If you give a person too much of any one food, it becomes nauseating and a variety must be made if full development is to be attained. The west feels that a little change in diet would be very beneficial if full development is to be hoped for, and as our prosperity is soon reflected by prosperity in the east, it should not be difficult to have a change brought about. This can be done by a little more sympathetic co-operation between the middle east and the west. Each needs the other if both are to develop, as we hope, but a little less selfishness will have to be shown by the highly-protected east, and a little more appreciation of what the west means to the prosperity and greatness of Canada.—Monce Jaw Times.

## Price Cattle Shipped

Big Shipment Is Made Of Price Cattle From Alberta

The first shipment of export cattle for 1925 left Montreal recently, consisting of two hundred and seven head shipped by the Livestock Producers' Association of Alberta, and averaging around twelve hundred pounds in weight at three years of age. One hundred and twenty-five of the number came direct from Edmonton spring show where they had captured the first five prizes in the carload class. Others included in the lot were the grand champion steer formerly owned by the University of Alberta, and five Hereford steers that took first place at Regina, Calgary and Saskatoon shows.

## May Buy Another Farm

South African Farming Has Greatly Interested Prince of Wales

With regard to a report that the Prince of Wales has entertained the idea of returning to South Africa for big game shooting, the general impression is that His Royal Highness is not particularly interested in big game and this seems to be borne out by his recent cancellation of a projected visit to a game reserve.

The Prince, however, throughout his tour in South Africa, has shown the deepest possible interest in farming, and South African farmers who have spoken to him think it quite possible that he may buy a farm and encourage horse breeding and the raising of sheep and dairy cattle in this country.

## Canada's Fruit Production

Fruit production in Canada during 1924 had a value of \$24,266,431, a decrease from the figures for the previous year, due principally to smaller quantities, according to a bulletin of the federal bureau of statistics. The following are the principal items of production: Apples, \$18,777,667; pears, \$171,924; strawberries, \$1,398,910.

An orderly officer, visiting the mess tent, asked if there were any complaints, and one soldier got up and said, "Yes, sir, taste this."

"Why? It's the best soup I have ever tasted in my army career," replied the officer.

"But," said Tommy, "it's supposed to be tea."



## EXPECT TROUBLE AT CAPE BRETON MAY END SOON

Sydney, N.S.—"My personal view is that a settlement can, and should be, brought about within the next 10 days," is the concluding paragraph and most cheerful part of a statement issued by Hon. James Murdoch, minister of labor, at the conclusion of his conversations here with district 26 United Mine Workers' executive, and with J. E. McLarg, vice-president of the British Empire Steel Corporation.

Mr. Murdoch has been attempting to conciliate the differences between the two, which for three months and a half have caused a tie-up in the coal fields of the province. The district board of the miners, Mr. Murdoch states, have asked for a few days time to canvas certain questions contained in the company's proposals for a settlement, as submitted to Mr. Murdoch by Mr. McLarg, and to prepare the questions at issue for submission to a referendum vote. The statement says that the district board, when presented with the corporation's proposals, found therein two or three things which appeared almost, if not entirely, impossible of acceptance. Mr. Murdoch also tells of an offer of the miners to return all maintenance pending a settlement, and of the corporation's refusal, on the ground that they were unable to use all the maintenance men because of the present condition of the mines.

## Closer Relations With West Indies

Danger of Islands Becoming Part of the United States

Ottawa.—Expressing the hope that the conference here between the Canadian Government and delegates from the various British possessions in the West Indies may result in a closer knitting together of relationships between Canada and the Indies, members of the delegation from Jamaica, in an interview, stated that at present most of the tourist traffic and trade reaching Jamaica is from the United States, and Jamaica being British, desire a more intimate relation with Canada and other states of the Empire.

The increasing influence of the United States in both the export and import trade of the West Indies is constantly brought to the attention of the islanders, the delegates state, and unless Canada and Great Britain wake up to the importance of this trade, and the necessity of encouraging closer relations between the different parts of the Empire, there is grave danger of these islands some day becoming associated, politically, as well as commercially, with the United States.

## Crops Ruined By Floods

Three Hundred Acres Destroyed in Districts in Manitoba

Winnipeg.—Seventy-five per cent. of the crops in the Whittemouth and Birch River districts have been completely ruined by floods according to a report submitted by C. S. Prodan to the Provincial Government. Mr. Prodan had charge of relief operations in the inundated area.

More than 300 acres were flooded, causing considerable property damage and loss of stock. While Mr. Prodan indicated that floods were an annual occurrence in these districts, the situation was the worst experienced in the history of the settlement. Many of the families who are entirely dependent upon their crops for a livelihood, have been reduced to destitution. Twenty-seven families are now being cared for by the provisional relief bureau.

## Abolish Famous Prison

Russian Bastion on Banks of Frozen White Sea to be Closed

Oscevo.—The Solovetsky monastery, a desolate forbidding prison camp on Solovetsky Island, in the White Sea, which has been the scene of political offenders under the Soviet regime, will soon become but an echo of the past.

A recommendation of the state police, the council of people's commissars has decided to abolish the prison.

## Samuel Leaves Palestine

Jerusalem.—Sir Herbert Samuel, first British high commissioner of the Jewish faith in Palestine, who is retiring, took leave of the Jewish community at a farewell reception at the Hebrew University here. Sir Herbert is to be succeeded by Field Marshal Lord Plumer.

W. N. U. 172

## Question of Sea Rates

No Immediate Action to be Taken By Government

Ottawa.—The question of the Peterson contract and regulation of ocean rates was brought up in the House of Commons on a question by Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, Conservative leader.

"I want to ask the government if this session is to close," stated Mr. Meighen, "without any action being taken, or recommendation to parliament, in respect to what was called in the speech from the throne 'transportation by sea'."

"We have a report from what should be known as the Peterson committee, but it has lain dormant for some time. Does the government propose to introduce any legislation or ask for any authority from parliament arising from that report, or is this session to end with nothing done?"

Premier Mackenzie King replied that the circumstances under which the government had considered it inadvisable to proceed with the discussion of the report of the committee must be known to the members of the house.

"In view of the sad death of Sir William Peterson," he stated, "we have not thought that it would be fitting to bring into this house, at this time, the discussion of his name in matters relating to his projects. The government, however, intends very carefully to consider the recommendations contained in the report for such action as may be deemed best. I do not think that it will be advisable to contemplate immediate legislation."

## King Will Open Canada Building

Historic Ceremony Takes Place in London, June 29

London.—Arrangements for the formal opening of the new Canada building in Trafalgar Square by King George V. on June 29, have been completed, and the opening will be impressive as well as historic.

The King and Queen will be received before the main entrances of the building by Hon. P. C. Larkia, Canadian high commissioner in London, and at the King's request the doors will be thrown open. Upon their Majesties' entrance the Queen will receive a bouquet from Miss Larkia, daughter of the high commissioner.

The King and Queen will proceed to the date while the National Anthem is being played by members of the Grenadier Guards band. Then will follow an address to the King, read by Hon. Mr. Laurin and His Majesty's reply. "O Canada" will be played by the band, after which will follow the official presentations of prominent persons to their Majesties.

Their Majesties will then be invited to make an inspection of the building.

## France Suggests Arbitration

Votes Germany's Suggestion For Pact of Security

Berlin.—France has voted the German suggestion for a general pact of security throughout Europe and has suggested, instead, that Germany negotiate with all contiguous nations. France definitely proposes arbitration treaties between Germany and her neighbors instead of the general pact, and then proposes that Germany conclude with other signatories of the Versailles treaty whose frontiers are contiguous to Germany. Heretofore it had been assumed that Britain and Italy would participate in any treaties growing out of the security negotiations, and the new formula created a sensation in the Wilhelmstrasse, because it clearly limits the arrangements to Germany, France, Belgium, Poland and Czechoslovakia.

## Belgian Cabinet

Brussels.—After having been ten weeks without a cabinet, Belgium now finds itself possessed of a duly constituted ministry. It is headed by Viscount Pouillet. The general council of the Socialist party, by a vote of 40 to 26, gave its approval and adherence to the new regime.

The personnel of the cabinet is made up of Socialists, Liberals and Catholics.

## Peace Work of I.O.D.E.

Hallifax, N.S.—At a session of the annual meeting of the council of the Navy League of Canada, on motion of Major W. H. Langley, of Vancouver, a special vote of thanks was passed to the Daughters of the Empire, which President Sam Harris, of Toronto, described as "the big sister of the Navy League."

Reports were received from the various provincial branches. A new element called hafnium, recently discovered by Danish scientists, may be used in radio tubes.

## Premier Expresses Opinion On the Flag Question

Ottawa.—No action will be taken respecting a Canadian flag without the "full sanction of Parliament," said Premier King in the house in answer to questions as to the government's intentions regarding a Canadian flag. "Personally," said Mr. King, "I would be proud and happy to have the Union Jack represent Canada as a national flag, and would not lend any support to any flag not having the union as its most distinctive feature."

## Boundary Line Settled

Canada Gets 2½ Acres of Water in Lake of the Woods

Minneapolis.—By giving Canada two and a half acres of water, the United States has formally settled an argument which has covered 122 years of treaties, talks and triangulations.

The water will not be transferred until maps now being engraved are completed. But when 28 maps of the boundary from the northwest angle of Lake of the Woods to Lake Superior are issued some time next year, the water will become officially "Canadian," and Minnesota citizens will know at last how far north the state's boundary goes.

Under the treaty between the United States and Canada, which has been approved by the senate, about two and one-half acres of American waters in Lake of the Woods will be transferred to Canadian territory. This does not involve any transfer of land.

## CONDEMNS THE CANCELLATION OF RAIL AGREEMENT

Ottawa.—During the debate on the freight rates bill in the House of Commons, Hon. E. J. McMurray, Liberal, Winnipeg North, condemned cancellation of the rail agreement. The board of railway commissioners, he said, had acted with "undue and indecent haste in setting aside the Marns Charter of Western Canada's transportation rights." Since 1897 the agreement had been the policy of Liberal and Conservative Governments alike. The railway commission should have hesitated to remove it. Mr. McMurray was dissatisfied with the attitude of the government to the whole question. Their present bill was a "poor compromise."

Mr. McMurray urged that Western Canada should have at least one more representative on the railway board. If possible, each western province should have a representative. He also thought Western Canada should have another judge on the supreme court bench.

Mr. McMurray could not see why the Canadian National Railway, with its easier grade and lower operating cost in the mountains, could not reduce rates to the coast, and compel the C.P.R. to reduce also.

He thought that Western Canada was being made to pay whenever the railways found they needed more money. The roads could not increase rates in Eastern Canada because of water competition.

Mr. McMurray said the legislation "looks patched up, and a compromise." It was unfair to British Columbia, and consequently unfair to a large section of the prairie west.

## Will Attend Convention



E. D. STONE

Secretary of the Alberta Division of the C.W.N.A., and Editor and Proprietor of The Review, Redcliffe, Alta. Mr. Stone will attend the convention of weekly newspapers to be held in Winnipeg on June 24, 25 and 26.

## McMillan Leaves For Arctic

Has Started His Ninth Voyage Into Frozen North

Boston.—The Arctic expedition of Lieut. Commander Donald B. MacMillan sailed from the navy yard at Charlestown, June 17, in the steamer Peary, bound for Wisconsin, Maine. From Wisconsin the Peary and the schooner Bowdoin will sail on MacMillan's ninth voyage into the north. The big guns on the navy craft anchored in the bay thundered farewell as the little steamer slipped away as the first leg of the trip beyond the Arctic Circle. A navy band on the pier played, "Auld Lang Syne" as the crowd which had gathered in the navy yard cheered lustily. The harbor echoed with the shrieks of marine whistles of nearby craft in the parting tribute.

Overhead a dozen heavy aeroplanes circled.

## Ontario Prospectors Claim Radium Discovery

Provincial Assay Office Finds Samples "Distinctly Radio Active"

Toronto.—The discovery of radium in commercial quantities in Haliburton County, Ont., is claimed by Charles Earl and E. W. Austin, two prospectors who have submitted samples of their find to the provincial assay office. The official finding of the provincial mining authorities is that the samples are "distinctly radio active." A claim of 1,000 acres has been staked by the two prospectors who plan immediate development.

Propose Canadian Exhibition Train

Ottawa.—Senator Daubman drew the attention of the senate to the expediency of sending a Canadian exhibition train through Great Britain and asked what action the government proposed to take in this matter.

Senator Daubman favored the proposal and said he would recommend it to the cabinet.

Famine Threatens Bessarabia

Bucharest.—The entire province of Bessarabia, which Rumania recovered from Russia as a result of the war, is threatened with famine because of last year's crop failure. The national bank has opened a special credit of \$400,000,000 for sending provisions to the province.

## Would Have Unanimous Consent Of Provinces

Ottawa.—The senate unanimously adopted the following motion by Senator Tupper: "That, in the opinion of the senate, it is inexpedient that any change take place in the constitution of Canada, as established by the British North America Act and thereto, as set forth in the speech from the throne, at the opening of the present session of parliament, without the unanimous consent of the provinces affected by such a change, to be expressed by the legislatures of the respective provinces."

## Share Geneva Scholarship

Two Students From Saskatchewan University Receive Award

Saskatoon, Sask.—Award of the Geneva scholarship, worth \$550, for attendance at a series of lectures on the League of Nations, and international affairs generally at Geneva, Switzerland, during July and August, has been announced by Professor Frank H. Underhill, of the University of Saskatchewan.

It has been decided to split the scholarship in two, giving \$275 each to A. C. Bunce (Agro) and R. Malinvaring (Economics), two students at the university who are of English birth and who happen to be visiting their parents in England at the present time.

The scholarships, of which it is understood one is given to each Canadian university this year, are donated by the Geneva Federation, a students' organization.

## British Columbia Fruit Crop

Will Equal Last Year's Says President Associated Growers

Vernon, B.C.—J. Chambers, president of the Associated Growers of British Columbia, stated that the fruit crop throughout the entire district from Vernon to Kamloops, would probably equal last year's figures. He estimated the season's output at approximately 2,225,000 packages, which were the figures for last year, or in other words a \$5,500,000 crop.

These figures cover, he said, that portion of the output handled through the organization which represents 75 per cent. of the growers of the valley.

## Amendment to Pensions Bill

Ottawa.—The special committee of the senate considering the Pensions Bill, approved an amendment introduced by Senator Loughheed, declaring that the board of pensions commissioners, represented by one or more commissioners, "may, in its discretion, hold sittings in any part of Canada, for the purpose of hearing evidence or complaints in respect of pensions."

Many Die in Train Wreck

Hackettsville, N.J.—The death toll of the wreck of the special immigrant train of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad at Rockport, Sag, was definitely set at 44 by officials of the railroad. At least a score of persons are still in hospitals at Easton, Phillipsburg and Dover, suffering from injuries.

## Black Rust in Dakota

Fargo, N.D.—A few infections of the early stages of black stem rust have been found in the wheat plots at the State Agricultural College here, but there is no danger, at present, of material rust damage to Red River valley wheat. It was said at the college.

## AMUNDSEN HAS RETURNED AFTER HAZARDOUS TRIP

Oslo, Norway.—The Norwegian Government has sent the following message to Roald Amundsen:

"The government send you and your brave companions hearty greetings and congratulations on your wonderful journey. Welcome home."

The Seidh Aeronautical Association sent the explorer this message:

"Welcome. Great enthusiasm over your brilliant journey."

The entire Amundsen expedition arrived safely in Spitzbergen in one plane. The party did not return to King's Bay by plane, but was picked up by a fishing boat and conveyed there.

It is reported that the expedition reached north latitude 88 degrees, 30 minutes, or about 100 miles from the North Pole.

Great difficulty was experienced in releasing one of the planes, the N-25, after both machines had become frozen in where they rested on the ice. The plane was eventually released after twenty-four days of strenuous effort.

When the plane reached North Cape, Spitzbergen, the supply of gasoline had been reduced to 30 gallons. Amundsen believes it is unlikely any land exists in vicinity of the Pole. It is possible that a new attempt to reach the Pole will be made shortly.

## Provinces Can Enact Eight-Hour Day Law

Would Not Apply to Servants of Dominion Government

Ottawa.—The enactment of an eight-hour day law lies generally within the competence of the provincial legislatures, but the authority vested in the legislatures does not enable them to enact an eight-hour day law in relation to servants of the Dominion Government, or for parts of Canada not within the boundaries of the provinces.

The substance, is the finding of the Supreme Court of Canada on whether the Dominion Parliament has jurisdiction to pass an eight-hour day law.

## Settle Chinese Trouble

Hope Situation Will Be Smoothed Out Without Further Harm to Foreigners

Washington.—Hopes of officials here that the Chinese situation would be smoothed out soon, without further harm to foreigners, have been heightened by dispatches from Shanghai, that settlement of the trouble is near.

Word that envoys from the legations at Peking and Shanghai official had reached a basis for discussion of a settlement plan was welcomed here.

## NEW RECORD IN SIGNING UP ARMS PACT AT GENEVA

Geneva.—Peace and good-will among nations was the dominant note when the international conference on the control of traffic in arms and munitions ended with 18 countries emphasizing their desire for international co-operation by signing the arms traffic convention, and 27 subscribing to the protocol outlawing the use of bacteria and poison gas in war-time.

This is a new record for Geneva. Doubtless many more states will sign after the delegates have advised their home governments.

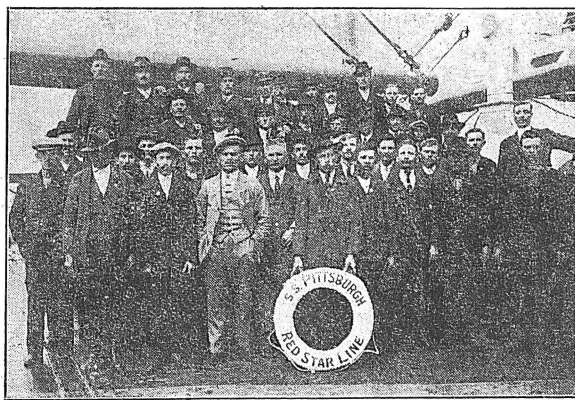
Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan and the United States were the first to sign the arms traffic convention. All the great powers except France signed the poison gas protocol, but it was officially announced that France would sign later, as M. Boncour, himself, desires the honor of affixing his signature in behalf of France when he returns to Geneva.

Germany made good her sole conference declaration that she was ready to subscribe to any international agreement prohibiting gas, being one of the first signatories.

Canada, whose representative, Dr. Walter Riddell, had actively supported the proposal, Nicaragua and Uruguay then signed.

The arms convention will come into force as soon as it is ratified by any 14 states. The gas protocol becomes operative for each signatory as soon as that country deposits its ratification, though a ratifying power will be bound only towards those who have also ratified the treaty.

## NEW SETTLERS FOR WESTERN CANADA



HUNGARIAN farm laborers, recently arrived in Western Canada over Canadian National lines, who landed at Quebec from the S.S. of the Hungarian settlers directed Pittsburgh of the Red Star Line, to settle in the Vermilion district from Antwerp. These were part of Alberta.

## Money And Meals

Dietic Value of Milk Not Properly Understood

"When do we eat?" is the all-important question to the school boy; but the perplexing question to the mother is the all-important one, "What shall we have for dinner?" Whether she lives in city or country, the housekeeper's all-the-year-round problem is that of feeding the family wisely. It is her responsibility to choose and prepare as satisfying and as appetizing meals as possible. To do her "job" well, she must take into consideration the amount of money she has to spend "on her table" and whether the food she gets before them will meet the physical needs of her household—children and "grown-ups."

Diet is always important, particularly so at this season of the year after some months when a heavier and richer diet is customary and more or less suitable to our climatic conditions. The old-fashioned spring tonic, however, is not as popular as it once was, as it is used to be, for greater knowledge of foods and food values has led to greater wisdom in planning the menu. Fresh fruits and vegetables are more in vogue now than they were and they are a better spring tonic than the sulphur and molasses to which our grandmothers pinned their faith.

Although this generation is, on the whole, more wisely fed than the last one, there are some glaring faults in the Canadian diet. Our chief dietary sin is too few fruits and vegetables and too little milk. The per capita consumption of milk by the people of this country is something like 33 gallons annually. This may sound like a rather large quantity but it means that each person gets only about one and one-half cups of milk each day—an amount far below that recommended by those who have made a scientific study of nutrition. They tell us to play for, at the very least, a pint a day for each child—about a quart a better. That is an easy rule to remember and a good one for the mother who decides the three meals a day and who has the responsibility for the formation of her child's food habits.

For generations, milk has been looked upon as having high nutritive value, but now we are beginning to understand its unique place in the diet of young and old. We used to think that all foods which supply protein were equally useful, but now we know that the quality of this building material is quite as important as the quantity. The building material in milk is particularly suited to the growth needs of children and this is only one of the reasons it should form part of each meal. The school girl or boy who wants to excel in the playground as well as in the classroom can count on milk to help build the firm muscles they need for baseball or any other game in which they take delight. Furthermore, milk makes certain other foods of greater value. When we eat milk with porridge for breakfast it not only supplies added nourishment but it makes the cereal more palatable to the body. The Scotchman attributes much of his brain and brawn to his oatmeal, but a good deal of the virtue of that renowned dish is in the milk which invariably accompanies it. The same is true when milk is used with such foods as bread, and certain vegetables. Bread and milk is an old standby and makes an excellent supper dish for the young Canadian.

Another quite serious defect of our diet is a lack of sufficient foods supplying lime or calcium for a firm sturdy skeleton. We cannot have a satisfactory building unless we have a good framework and we cannot have a healthy body without firm well-built bones. Milk, skim milk and butter-milk are the best and the cheapest—sources of this mineral and each is important on this account. They are important, too, for the building of a sound, satisfactory set of teeth. There is an old saying that "one tooth in the head is worth six on the plain," and though milk will not cure decayed teeth, it is essential in the diet of the growing child, particularly when his teeth are being formed. Prevention is better than cure, and an eminent physician points out that in preventive dentistry "the first and foremost principle is an extension of the use of dairy products."

Milk is also valuable as an energy and heat producing food. The fat of milk, which is used for this purpose, is in one of its most delicious and easily digested forms and the sugar is of especial value to the body. It is also supplies the three essential vitamins necessary for body health and mental development.

Even though a child has developed a distaste or fancied dislike for milk, the mother need not be discouraged for there are many delicious food combinations in which it may be used. Make a hot milk soup for supper, a custard for dessert, or one of the several dishes in which it is the main ingredient. If the children do not have,

as a drink, as much as they need each day. It is one of the advantages of milk that it can be served in a variety of ways, alone or with vegetables, cereals, eggs and other foods. It is valuable to the body either cooked or uncooked, cold or hot, as a drink or as a food, for children or for adults. Added to this is the fact that it can be secured at all seasons of the year and is purchased at a moderate cost. Milk is the most perfect food at our command, and the housekeeper on the alert for the most economical and most valuable food for her children will see that it is given a large place in the day's meals.

## Scientists Say Mars Warmer Than Supposed

Recent Discoveries Support Theory That Planet Bears Life

Dr. W. M. SIPHER, director of the Lowell Observatory at Flagstaff, recently predicted that planetary astronomy was on the threshold of finally accurate determination in connection with the study of Mars.

The astronomer expressed this opinion after months of research based on observations which he and other scientists obtained last summer when Mars made its closest approach to the earth. Among the discoveries, said Dr. Sipher, is that the planet is much warmer than had been supposed, and has a much denser atmosphere than it had been credited with. These determinations, he explained, are tendencies in support of the theory that the planet bears life.

The temperature of the planet was approximated by the Colburn radiometer, one of the latest astronomical instruments, so delicate that it measures the heat of distant stars. Dr. Sipher considers this device as important in adding to the knowledge of the temperature of planets as the Michelson interferometer is in determining the angular diameter of celestial bodies.

## Age Not Always Handicap

Eminent Men Over Seventy Have Held Responsible Positions

To those who insist that a man should be allowed to retire from active life at 65 or younger the following facts may be of value.

An Irishman of ninety-eight has just emigrated to America, there to start life over again. That is pretty good going; but pales before the plans of a Weymouth grandmother who, it has been announced, intends to swim the English Channel.

The ladies have been rather more active than the men, but Mr. Thomas Hardy, who is eighty-four, recently addressed Dorchester Debating and Dramatic Society, and a gentleman seventeen years older wrote a letter to a leading paper.

Age, of course, is not always the handicap we are apt to imagine it is. Judson was over seventy at the time of the Michelson campaign, and was prime minister of Britain when over eighty. We have to go back a few centuries, however, to find a parallel to the recent case of the Mexican lady who was sent to jail at Los Angeles at the age of 102. A Chelsea pensioner, married at 100, and his portrait, painted when he was 110, shows him handling a sword in quite a businesslike way.

## Too Much Clothing

Modern Style of Dress is Beneficial for the Health

The doctors are now discovering that women who wear abbreviated dresses and gossamer stockings are following, perhaps unconsciously, the rules of hygiene. Ultra-violet rays, they explain, have thus a better chance to penetrate the skin; an observation which the unscientific laymen can confirm without any medical reservations.

"That no doubt accounts for the 'bare-foot boy' being such a tough little nut. Ultra violet rays, or any other kind of rays, can penetrate his hide with a minimum of interference almost anywhere. And that he is healthy there is no room to doubt. The inference seems to be, the less clothes the more health. Perhaps the Dutchborders are not so crazy as they are supposed to be, considering the physiological aspects of the question only."—Edmonton Bulletin.

## Willing To Wed Client

A young attorney who aided in her defence has offered to marry Miss Shunka Hasegawa, a woman who is in prison at T'sho awaiting the result of an appeal from her conviction on the charge of setting fire to a Japanese temple.

## German's Eating Dog Meat

Dog meat is still an article of human diet in Germany, a man who Berlin chief of police has decreed that the inspection regulations governing other meat shall apply in the future to this article. The price for a fat dog varies from two to ten marks.

## Queer Ruling In Germany

Supreme Court Says Judge May Sleep

A judge who was found napping has given rise to a far reaching controversy in Germany. In the course of events this question was referred to the German Supreme Court at Leipzig, which came to the strange decision that his honor may safely take his little snooze now and then, for in passing judgment it is his body, not his mind, which is the principal factor concerned.

As was to be expected, this decision has again evoked heated discussion among the best known jurists in the country. Prof. I. Goldschmidt, the legal authority at the Berlin University, expresses his opinion thus:

"One cannot expect a judge to give his undivided attention to the proceedings. He is obliged to sign documents, to receive messages and to answer numerous whispered questions during the trial. But if it is positively proved that he has fallen asleep the case becomes prohibitive, for sleep signifies loss of consciousness, and also irresponsibility."

## Having Something In Reserve

Practice Can Be Carried Out In Other Things Besides Money

Everyone appreciates the advantage of having a reserve fund on which to draw in case of emergency. No one, however, understands that the principle of having something in reserve is capable of application to other than pecuniary matters, and that on the extent to which it is followed a man's satisfaction and happiness largely depend.

The practice of having something in reserve may be carried out to advantage in social intercourse. To be sure, anyone who is wholly uncommunicative and irresponsible reveals himself as ungenerous, ill-mannered and colorless; on the other hand, the person who opens up his heart and mind readily and completely to the inspection of his acquaintances is sure to be pronounced superficial and likely to be regarded as insincere. He may win the liking of people, yet not quite succeed in gaining their respect.—Youth's Companion.

## Suit Of Clothes For \$20,000

A native found the first piece of gold in Australia.

Seeing his master counting gold coins, he said he found a rock which looked like the yellowish coins. He offered to give it to him for a new suit of clothes.

The master later sold the nugget for more than \$20,000.

Pulp and paper represent the largest of the manufacturing industries in Canada. Flour and grist milling comes second and the production of lumber and forest products stands third.

## Safety Campaign

Decrease In Number Of Fatalities At Railway Crossings In U. S.

Plans have been completed by railroads of the United States for a more intensive campaign, which will continue until Sept. 30th, the period of heaviest motor traffic, to reduce the number of grade crossing fatalities.

The railroads have been much encouraged by the fact that, with the co-operation of various organizations, they have already effected substantial reductions in the number of lives lost in such accidents.

The number of killed at grade crossings in 1924 was 3,149, a reduction of 5 per cent, compared with the previous year. Reports for the first two months this year show that there have been 258 fatalities, a reduction of seventy-nine, while persons injured totalled 809, as compared with 1,050 during the same period in 1924.

## Beating King's Carpet Is Difficult Work

Floor Covering of Waterloo Chamber at Windsor Castle Weighs Two Tons

Of all the spring cleaning jobs in the houses of royalty, that at Windsor Castle is the most difficult because of a two-ton carpet which covers the floor of the Waterloo Chamber, and which has to be taken outdoors and beaten by hand.

The Waterloo Chamber is used as the royal dining room during Ascot week, when King George and Queen Mary make Windsor their headquarters. A force of about 60 men is required to carry the massive carpet downstairs to the lawn. It is 60 feet long and 40 feet wide and was woven in India by the prisoners of Agra, who were engaged on the task seven years.

## Safe Driving Requires Skill

Knowing What To Do In Emergency Is Essential

How quickly can you crank your engine if it stalls? If you are backing around with the idea of turning in a narrow street or road, how quickly can you get through with the job if another car suddenly appears? If you are going uphill in high gear and the car is running so slowly that you could not get out of the way of anything quickly, what sort of job do you make of shifting into second? Can you shift into second gear going downhill if your brakes do not hold?

A little practice might show you how unsafe your driving actually is. A little practice might show you how essential it is to know what to do in such emergencies. You don't have many occasions to display your skill.

And, it doesn't matter, but it's slightly peculiar, that Salt Lake City's fire chief's name is Bywater.

## Queen Victoria Disliked Spectacles

Everyone Belonging to Household Had to Have Good Eyesight

Fortunately, our royalties have strong eyes, as a rule, and the sight of the King putting on pince-nez to read his speech at Wembley gave rise to some surprise. People seem to forget that His Majesty is sixty years old, and most men of sixty can read better with glasses than without. The Queen sometimes wears dark glasses to protect her eyes in a glare of sun, this being the more necessary as she wears brilliant toques. Queen Victoria had a great objection to artificial aids to sight, and they used to say that she never appointed anyone to her household who had to don glasses in public. Queen Alexandra wore very dark glasses for a time after a fit of coughing that resulted in the breaking of a blood vessel in the eye, and some of her daughters wear glasses in private. The number of society women who use spectacles is by few comparisons with those in other classes. Which is not to say that they see better, but just that they have more vanity.

## The Burden Of Education

Huge Sum Spent Annually by People of Canada For Educational Purposes

Nearly one in every four persons in Canada is in attendance at a school or college, according to a review of the country's educational activities which has been issued by the federal bureau of statistics. The total annual cost, it finds, is \$112,672,000. No one, in the face of these figures, can claim that the Dominion is neglectful of its responsibility for giving its young people a good start in life. Such an outcry means a great sacrifice on the part of those who have to provide the money. It is a fair question to ask whether the burden is not too large a one and also whether we are getting all the results which should accrue from such an expenditure.—Edmonton Journal.

## Sleeping 15 Years

Miss Swanepoel, a Transvaal woman, has been asleep for 15 years, says a dispatch to a London paper. During this period she never has been fully conscious. Fifteen years ago she became hysterical after her lover's death and the sleeping sickness followed. She is little more than a living skeleton. Food is administered at frequent intervals.

## New Beverage In China

Flower scented tea is the latest beverage in Peking, China. The flower is heated with the tea leaves and imparts an unusual flavor to the drink. The white jasmine is the flower most used for this flavoring, and the practice is becoming so popular that large fields of jasmine are now being planted.

## Unfavorable Publicity

Difficulties Met With In Securing Right Class of Immigrants

"Canada has received a great deal of free advertising from whippers of death and lamentations of Jeremiah out of office," said Hon. J. A. Robb, minister of immigration, when explaining to the House of Commons some of the difficulties met by his department in obtaining the right class of immigrants for Canada. It was a good thing to criticize the government, Mr. Robb said, but criticism should stop short of running down the country. He said there was propaganda against Canada in Britain which the department was doing its utmost to counteract.

Mr. Robb admitted that while other dominions appeared to get more favorable publicity in the British press, it was also notable that the citizens of the other dominions stood up consistently for their own country. He pointed out, also, that in the year that South Africa received 7,568 immigrants; New Zealand, 11,061; Australia, 38,500 (of which 25,000 travelled free); Canada received 63,016 immigrants, of which, however, only 6,000 assisted passengers.

William Irvine (Calgary, Labor), thought the government was anxious to blame everyone but themselves for the present condition.

## No One Wants Valuable Ring

Unlucky Diamonds On Madrid Statue Are Not Guarded

In one of the most parks of the Spanish capital there is an extremely valuable ring, suspended by a silken cord around the neck of the patron saint of Madrid, unguarded by the police or even special watchmen. Although set with diamonds and pearls there is no danger of its being stolen. The most unscrupulous thief in Madrid would not think of purloining it. The ring was made for King Alfonso XII, who gave it to his cousin, the pretty Mercedes, on the day of their betrothal. She wore it continually during her short married life. On her death the King presented it to his grandniece, Queen Christina. She died soon after receiving it, and the King gave the deadly little circle to his sister, the Infanta del Pilar, who died within the month. Next it found a place on the finger of Christina, the youngest daughter of the Duke of Montpensier, but in less than three months she also was dead. Alfonso XII, next placed it in his own casket, and lived less than a year after so doing.

## Watch Your Weak Points

Everyone Has "Little Failing" Which Is Great Hindrance

Perhaps it shouldn't be so, but a "failing"—a very little one, possibly—will often cause a whole collection of virtues. That is to say, twelve men you know, in most cases it is their failings that come to your mind first, not their good points.

Entirely disproportionate and unfair. Certainly; but there it is. Have you a "little failing"? If you have—and, mind, be honest with yourself—then wring its neck. Be sure it is no help to you. Very probably it has been a great hindrance. Wring its neck!

A quick temper is a little failing. The "nipping" habit is another. The horrowing of a casual quarrel is another. The list could be extended for pages and then might not include your own special little shortcoming.

If you know what it is, wring its neck. If you have an idea that you might have a little failing but cannot honestly name it, ask your best friend to do the naming. Give him, or her, license to be frank.

## The Windmills of Holland

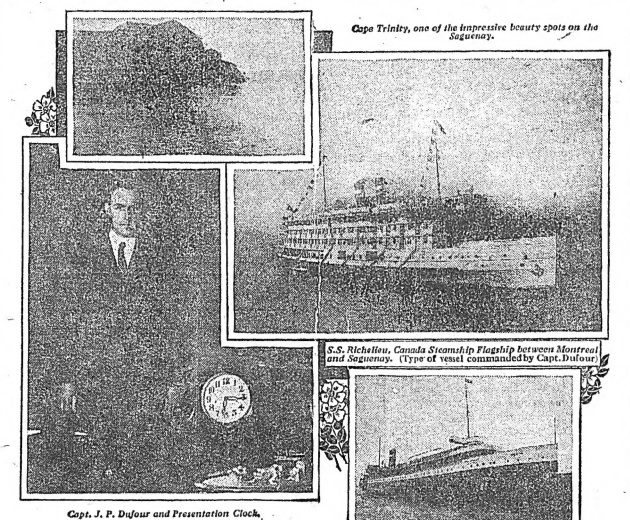
(Gasoline pumping engines are to be substituted for windmills in Holland.) There is little enough color left in this gray, scientific age. Banish the wayside inns of yore must, drive the fourmstrs from the sea if need be, uproot and tear down all the quaint and beautiful characteristics which have illuminated the pages of history, but spare the windmills of Holland!—Washington Post.

## Boy Scouts Helping Comrade

Suffering from spinal trouble, the result of an accident, Sidney James, a 14-year-old Boy Scout, has just completed a 7,000 mile voyage from East London, South Africa, to Southampton, arranged by a stretch of his own hands. His comrades in South Africa, by a penny loan, are paying the expenses of the visit, in order that he may be examined by Sir Robert Jones, the famous Liverpool surgeon.

Argentina's new child labor law applies to boys and girls up to 18 years of age, including those engaged in domestic and agricultural labor as well as those employed in factories.

## A Romance of the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence Route



Cape Trinity, one of the impressive beauty spots on the Saguenay.

Capt. J. P. Dufour and Presentation Cloch.

S.S. Richelieu, Canada Steamship Flagship between Montreal and Saguenay. (Type of vessel commanded by Capt. Dufour)

S.S. Noronic, Canada Steamship Flagship on Great Lakes. (Type of vessel commanded by Capt. Dufour)

When Captain Joseph Pierre Dufour, as a boy of 15 signed before the mast on the old S.S. Savoy in the Great Lakes trade, he probably could not foresee what the years had in store for him. That was nineteen years ago and today we find him deputy harbor master of the port of Montreal, the second port in the North American continent.

But those nineteen years were crowded with swiftly moving incidents. For the first two of them he learned the stern discipline of ships and proved his mettle as worthy of the traditions of the Great Lakes. In 1910 he

got his promotion to mate on the S.S. Canada, was wheelman on the Tugboat in 1911, second mate on the S.S. Donacoma and finally took his master's certificate at the age of 25 in 1916 on the H. E. Packer. Since then he has been successively master of the Mapleton, Manitoa, India, Cape Trinity, Mapleton and Monaca, the latter on the Montreal-Newfoundland route. The long line of Canada Steamship masters was worthily continued in Captain Dufour.

From the Manitoa he was appointed

assistant superintendent of the Canadian Steamship Lines for the eastern passenger division. Last May he was appointed deputy harbor master of the port of Montreal, the official duties of which he took up June 1. On that date he was presented with a ship's clock in honor of his appointment and services with C.S.L. There were gathered to honor him at the head offices of the company, the general manager, T. R. Enderby, who made the presentation and most of the executives of the company.



**DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS**

FOR  
HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS,  
CONSTIPATION,  
INDIGESTION,  
KIDNEYS, LIVER,  
BOWELS



Copyrighted, 1922, by Rafael Sabatini  
"CAPTAIN BLOOD," a Whittaker picture with J. Warren Kerrigan  
In the title role, in an adaptation of this thrilling novel.

## CHAPTER XXIV.

## Cartagena

Having crossed the Caribbean in the teeth of contrary winds, it was not until the early days of April that the French fleet have in sight of Cartagena, and M. de Rivarol summoned a council aboard his flagship to determine the method of assault.

"It is of importance, messieurs," he told them, "that we take the city by surprise, not only before it can put itself into a state of defense; but before it can remove its treasures inland. I propose to land a force sufficient to achieve this to the north of the city tonight after dark."

He was heard respectfully and approvingly by his officers, scornfully by Captain Blood. Blood was the only one amongst them who knew exactly what lay ahead. Two years ago he had himself considered a raid upon the place, and he had actually made a survey of it. The Baron's proposal was one to be expected from a commander whose knowledge of Cartagena was only such as might be derived from maps.

Geographically and strategically considered, it is a curious place. It stands almost four-square, screened east and north by hills, and it may be said to face south upon the inner of two harbors by which it is normally approached. The entrance to the outer harbor, which is in reality a lagoon some three miles across, lies through a neck known as the Boca Chica—or Little Mouth—and defended by a fort. A long and narrow wooden land and seaward acts here as a natural breakwater, and as the inner harbor is approached, another strip of land thrusts across at right angles from the first, towards the mainland on the east. Just short of this it ceases, leaving a deep but very narrow channel, a veritable gateway into the secure and sheltered inner harbor. Another fort defends this second passage. East and north of Cartagena lies the mainland, which may be left out of account. But to the west and northwest this city, so well guarded on every other side, lies directly open to the sea. It stands back beyond a half-mile of beach, and besides this and the stout walls which fortify it, would appear to have no other defenses.

It remained for Captain Blood to explain the difficulties when M. de Rivarol informed him that the honor of opening the assault in the manner which he prescribed was to be accorded to the buccaniers.

Captain Blood smiled, and expressed appreciation of the honor reserved for him.

## NERVES AND FAINTING SPELLS

Sent Woman to Bed. Great Change After Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Sarnia, Ontario.—"After my girl was born I was a wreck. My nerves were too terrible for words and I simply could not stand or walk without pains. I suffered with fainting spells until I was no longer any good for my household duties and had to take to my bed. The doctor said I should have an operation, but I was not in a fit condition at that time. My neighbor said, 'Why don't you try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?' I am sure it will do you good and will save those doctor's bills. So I was advised by my husband to try it after I told him about it. I am very thankful to say that I was soon able to take a few boarders for a while as rooms were scarce at that time. My baby is 17 months old now and I have not had an operation, thanks to my medicine. I have recommended the Vegetable Compound to a few people I know and have told them the good it has done me. I know I feel and look a different woman these last few months and I certainly would not be without a bottle of your medicine in the house. You can use this letter as you see fit, as should be only good for those suffering as I have to do. I have done for me."—Mrs. ROBERT G. MACGREGOR, R. R. No. 2, Sarnia, Ontario.

A recent canvass of women users of the Vegetable Compound report 86 out of 100 received beneficial results. This is a remarkable proof of its merit. C

W. H. U. 1582

## Pleasure In Recreation

People In Peru Town Interested In New Pastimes

The inhabitants of a small factory town in Peru look to Y.M.C.A. recreation activities with such enthusiasm that many of them refused to interrupt their play to go home for food. Their leisure pastimes used to consist mainly of drinking and gambling, but now under the direction of a leader from the Lima Association who visits them once a week, they are discovering new pleasures in cage-ball and other games.

plunder was enormous. In the course of four days over a hundred mules laden with gold went out of the city and down to the boats waiting at the beach to convey the treasure aboard the ships.

## CHAPTER XXV.

The Honour of M. de Rivarol

During the capitulation and for some time after, Captain Blood and the greater portion of his buccaniers had been at their post on the heights of Nuestra Señora de la Puapa, utterly in ignorance of what was taking place. Resentment smouldered amongst his men for a while, to flame out violently at the end of that week in Cartagena. It was only by undertaking to voice their grievance to the Baron that their captain was able for the moment to pacify them. That done, he went at once in quest of M. de Rivarol.

"M. le Baron, I must speak frankly; and you must suffer it. My men are on the point of mutiny. They demand to know when this sharing of the spoil is to take place, and when they are to receive the fifth for which their articles provide. The men know that it exceeds the enormous total of forty millions. They insist that the treasure itself be produced and weighed in their presence. I warn you that unless you yield to a demand that I consider just and therefore uphold, you may look for trouble, and it would not surprise me if you never leave Cartagena at all, nor convey a single gold piece home to France."

"Am I to understand that you are threatening me?"

"You do not know the ways of buccaniers. If you persist, Cartagena will be drenched in blood, and whatever the outcome the King of France will not have been well served."

The end of it all was that M. de Rivarol gave a promise at once to make the necessary preparations, and if Captain Blood and his officers would wait upon him on board the *Victor*—leaving to-morrow morning, the treasure should be produced, weighed in their presence and their fifth share surrendered there and then into their own keeping.

Among the buccaniers that night there was hilarity over the sudden abatement of M. de Rivarol's monstrous pride. But when the next dawn broke over Cartagena, they had the explanation of it. The only ships to be seen in the harbour were the *Arabella* and the *Elizabeth* riding at anchor and the *Atropos* and the *Lachesis* careened on the beach for repairs of the damage sustained in the bombardment. The French ships were gone.

Blood was reduced to despair. If he followed now, Heaven knew what would happen to the town. Unable to reach a decision, his own men and Hagthorpe's took the matter off his hands, eager to give chase to the *Victor*.

(To be continued)

## Request Not Unreasonable

Inhabitants on Lonellest Island Ask

For Mail Once a Year

Natives of Tristan da Cunha in the South Atlantic, known as the lonellest island in the British Empire, petitioned the government recently to arrange an annual mail boat for them, declaring that if this were brought about they would be perfectly content; otherwise they threatened to emigrate.

News of the settlement was brought to England by the Rev. H. M. Rogers, who for three years has been a missionary and schoolmaster to the islanders. Mr. Rogers made up his mind more than a year ago to return to England, but he was compelled to wait 12 months for a ship. He was accompanied by his wife and baby who was born on Tristan da Cunha two years ago. During the family's stay on the island there was but one mail ship.

The load-line mark on ships was originated by Pilsnol, an Englishman, to prevent vessels from going to sea overloaded.

## RED PIMPLES ITCHED BADLY

Neck and Chest Broken Out. Cuticura Healed.

"My daughter's neck and chest were very badly broken out with red pimples that festered and itched badly. She scratched the affected parts and caused the trouble to spread. At night she could not sleep and the breaking out caused discomfort. I tried everything I could think of but nothing helped her. I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. I purchased more, and after using one cake of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment she was healed." (Signed) Mrs. R. B. Cross, 81 Seneca Parkway, Rochester, N. Y.

Use Cuticura to clear your skin. Sample each free by mail. Address: Cuticura, Dept. 100, P.O. Box 100, Portland, Me. Send 10¢ for Cuticura Soap and 10¢ for Cuticura Ointment. Total 20¢.

**INECTO RAPID**

The world's best hair tint. Will restore gray hair to its natural color in 15 minutes. Small Size \$3.30 by mail. Double Size \$5.50 by mail.

The W. T. Pender Stores Limited  
Phone M. 2274-5 129 Yonge St.  
TORONTO, ONTARIO

## Testing Chronometers For Navy

Marine Watch Is Subjected To Intense Heat and Cold

Baking a watch seems a silly thing to do. Yet at Greenwich Observatory it is done every day. The watches are marine chronometers, writes J. A. Lloyd, F.R.A.S.

Greenwich Observatory, being under the control of the admiralty, it is part of the routine work of that establishment to test chronometers for the use of the navy. This work has been continuously done there for the last hundred years.

At Greenwich there are special ovens in which the chronometers are placed and raised to any required temperature. Their rates are then compared under these conditions with a standard clock. The temperature of the ovens can be maintained constant by means of thermostats, the chronometers being kept under observation by skilled men during the time of baking.

But ships often sail to high latitudes where they meet with intense cold, so the chronometers must also be placed in refrigerating chambers and further tested under these conditions.

The progress of wireless is fast making this work unnecessary. Greenwich time can now be picked up anywhere at sea and the error of the chronometer found on the spot.

The use of Miller's Worm Powders insures healthy children so far as the ailments attributable to worms are concerned. A high mortality among children is traceable to worms. These are the strength of infants so that they are unable to maintain the battle for life and succumb to weakness. This preparation gives promise of health and keeps it.

## Had Cause For Complaint

Spring Cleaning Had Disastrous Results For One Man

Spring cleaning had reached that awesome state when strong men have been known to rush from the house breathing incoherent threats of emigration. Down to breakfast with rather less than enough time to catch the morning train, came the mere male demanding his boots. Followed a frenzied search, and then the small servant appeared in the doorway, pale and distraught. "Please, sir, I've just remembered; we put them all in the coal shed to be out of the way, and—there've just b-been emptied half a ton of c-c-ool on top of them."

One of the commonest complaints of infants is worms, and the most effective application for them is Mother's Worm Extirminator.

## Characterizing the Races

London Paper Publishes Idea Current in Moscow

We understand, says a conservative London daily, that the following attempt at racial characterization is now current in Moscow: "One Englishman, correctness; two Englishmen, fairness; three Englishmen, parliament; four Englishmen, a duel; five Englishmen, hegemony. One Russian, a genius; two Russians, intoxication; three Russians, a row."

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House

Alberta Pools Growing

The membership of the three Alberta farm pools, cattle, dairy and egg and poultry, is now well under way. Arrangements have been made for a series of meetings to be held in the larger centres throughout the province which will be addressed by leading co-operative marketing authorities from British Columbia and the United States.

Raymond Beet Sugar Factory

It is now estimated that over 7,200 acres of sugar beets have been signed up for the new beet sugar factory at Raymond. Six thousand acres was signed up by the Sugar Beet Company, when they first entered into negotiations with the farmers.

First Co-ed.—He stole a kiss from me last night.

Second Co-ed.—I have a date with him Saturday night.

Third Co-ed.—You'll find him a pretty honest fellow."

Minard's Liniment For Corns and Bunions

## Canada At the Norse Centennial

laborate Exhibit of Canadian Government Attracted Much Attention During the first week in June, Canada and the United States joined in honor of the Scandinavian settlers on the American continent by celebration of the centennial of the arrival of the first Norwegian settlers. The Centennial Exposition was designed to pay acknowledgment to the great contribution which those early Norse settlers, their successors and fellow countrymen have made to the advancement of every phase of life in Canada and in the United States.

Canada has a very natural interest in this celebration on account of the large number of Scandinavians who live in Canada and the prominent part they have taken in the development of the country. It was appropriate, responding to the invitation to send an official representative of Canada, the Canadian Government selected Hon. Thomas H. Johnson, K.C., of Winnipeg, formerly attorney-general of Manitoba. Mr. Johnson is himself a native Scandinavian, having been born in Iceland, who came to Canada with his parents when nine years old.

In addressing an immense audience, Mr. Johnson referred to the happy relations which have existed between the United States and Canada for the past generation, and alluded to the influence these countries have exerted in the direction of world peace. He paid a tribute to the value of the Scandinavian people as settlers and nation builders.

One of the chief features of interest at the centennial was the elaborate exhibit put up by the Canadian Government. This exhibit, besides showing the principal resources and products of Canada, represented by means of a huge panel done in Canadian grays and greens, incidents in connection with the history of the Norse settlers in North America. One of the representations was that of Lief Ericson, the indomitable Norseman, about to land from his Viking ship on the shores of what is now known as Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, in the year 1001 A.D., 491 years before the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus. The exhibit was the largest and finest which the Canadian Government has undertaken in the United States outside of the big international exhibitions, and was the occasion of much enthusiasm and favorable comment.

Many other prominent Canadians, including Premier John Bracken, of Manitoba, took part in the ceremonies. The effect of Canada's co-operation will undoubtedly be to direct still greater attention to the opportunities which the Dominion affords for settlers, not only from the Scandinavian countries and the United States, but from other lands as well.

## Paying Twice For Nothing

Heligoland Was Not a Profitable Investment For Germany

Heligoland has been stripped of its armament. A former British Government was long and harshly criticized for trading that rock pile for a strip of resourceful country in tropical Africa; the claim being that Germany was converting the islet into a fortification dangerously close to the English shores. When war came the fortress was about as actually useful to Germany as a shore battery at the mouth of the Elbe. It made an attack on the German coast difficult, but did not materially help to make an attack on British easier. All that Fritz seems to have got for the privilege of pillaging \$80,000,000 worth of armament on the rock was the privilege of paying to take it off again.—Edmonton Bulletin.

The Imperial Blighter

It was not unusual for the late Lord Curzon to answer telephone calls himself. One afternoon a young official rang up Curzon's office and thinking he was addressing a secretary he knew he said, "Is the Imperial Blighter there?" Calmly the reply came from Curzon, "The Imperial Blighter is speaking."

For Burns and Scalds.—Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil will take the fire out of a burn or scald. It should be at hand in every kitchen so that it may be available at any time. There is no preparation so sure as this. Just apply the oil to the burn or scald and the pain will abate and in a short time cease altogether.

Has Lasted For 75 Years

Seventy-five years ago, H. S. Rogers spelled his name on a grassy hillside by sprinkling wood ashes. His name is still there, and it is said only twice since that the wood ashes have been placed over the letters.

**MURINE**

FOR YOUR EYES

Wholesome Cleansing Refreshing

## Take REAL Mustard to Your Summer Home

Be sure to include one or two tins of KEEN'S MUSTARD in the supplies you take to your Summer Cottage or Camp.

Only real Mustard—freshly mixed—can give you that savoury zest and tang in your food that you appreciate so much. And only real mustard—freshly mixed with cold water—furnishes real aid to digestion.

Make a note now to "remember Keen's Mustard" when you leave.

**Keen's Mustard**

350 aids digestion

## Biggest Auto Dump

Thousands of junked cars from New York City are placed on the city dump at Corona every year. A large gang of junk men make a living by stripping them of everything of any value.

## NEARING A BREAKDOWN

A Condition That Calls For a Reliable Tonic

Many women give so much of their time to the cares of their household that they neglect their own health and sometimes reach the verge of a breakdown before they realize that their health is being sacrificed. After the heart palpitates violently at slight exertion, the stomach fails to digest food and discomfort follows. The nerves become weak and headaches grow more frequent. The body grows weak and they are always depressed. This condition requires immediate treatment with such a reliable tonic as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which enrich and build up the blood, carrying renewed energy to every part of the body. The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in a rundown condition is proved by the following statement from Mrs. Alex. McInnes, Bowman River, Man., who says:—"About a year ago I had a serious illness which left me very weak. I was not able to get around to do my work; in fact I could scarcely walk. I was troubled with palpitation of the heart with the least exertion. One day a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as they had done much good for her. I followed this advice and took the pills for some week when I felt as well as ever. I have since been able to attend to all my household duties. The dizziness and palpitation have left me and I bless the day I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are just the medicine for those who are weak and rundown."

You can get these pills from any dealer or by mail at 50c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Probably a Mistake

Dinner—"This steak is excellent. Waiter—That so? You must have got the one I intended for the man who gave me the fifty-cent tip."

If you think that you resemble a great man say nothing about it. The resemblance may cease the moment you open your mouth.

**Sally Ann**

CLEANSER

WHERE efficient Sally Ann works, all forms of grime and grease speedily vanish. Pots and pans, aluminum ware, glass and porcelain shine like new.

WESTERN CLEANERS LIMITED  
CALGARY, CANADA

**Sally Ann**

CLEANSER

## DUTCH SETTLERS FOR WEST



A FAMILY of Dutch settlers recently arrived in Western Canada over Canadian National Railways after crossing from Antwerp on the S.S. Zeeland of the Red

Star Line. Many settlers of this type are moving to the prairie provinces during the present season and they give promise of becoming splendid farmers.

### \$3,000 For Roads In M.D. of Sounding Creek

Three thousand dollars was appropriated by the municipal district of Sounding Creek for road purposes at the regular meeting of the council on Saturday, June 13. An amendment was introduced by O. J. Cowin to provide for an appropriation of \$4,200 but was lost on the vote to the original motion introduced by Mr. Lawrence for \$3,000.

Rates were also set for three school districts which failed to send in their estimates for the year, Young Canada being set at 4 mills, Chesterfield at 11 mills and Diamond at 6 mills.

The secretary was instructed to write Louis Naseby with regard to removal of wire from his land, the South-west quarter of 34-30-9, information having been laid before the council that he had taken it off the land.

Bills were passed to the amount of \$517.15.

It was decided to put up for sale the east half of section 2 in 39-9 under the provisions of the amended Tax Recovery Act, and also to apply for title to the south-east quarter of 15 in 30-8.

The next meeting of the Council will be held on June 27.

### Earl Haig to Visit Alberta

Word has been received that Field Marshal Earl Haig will visit Alberta during his tour of Canada in July. It is also expected that Ramsey McDonald and Hon. Arthur Henderson, prominent British labor leaders, may visit the province this year.

### Acadia Federal Liberal Convention at Hanna July 3

A mass meeting of all Liberal electors of the Federal Constituency of Acadia will be held in Hanna on Friday, July 3. The purpose of the meeting is to select a Liberal candidate to contest the constituency at the next Federal election, and to organize a Federal Liberal Association. Hon. Chas. Stewart, Minister of the Interior of Canada, and Hon. C. R. Mitchell will address the meeting.

A parson wrote to his bishop asking him to come and hold a "quiet day." The bishop declined saying, "Your parish does not need a quiet day; it needs an earthquake."

## Local Items

Mr. Jas. McQueen, government road engineer from Hanna, was in town last week.

A number of young folks from Chinook attended a dance at Lanfine last Friday night.

A U.F.A. picnic will be held at Crystal on Friday, July 3. Everybody welcome.

M. A. Jordan left on Sunday for Saunders, Alta.

For Sale—A quantity of household furniture at a real bargain. This furniture must be sold before July 1st. Apply to Mrs. C. J. Warlaw, Chinook.

Don't forget Cereal Sports Day on Saturday, June 27. Baseball Tournament and Horse Racing. See posters for full particulars.

F. N. Bernier shipped two carload of horses this week to Lévis, Quebec.

H. A. Caldwell, of Calgary, was a Chinook visitor last week.

The Collholme U.F.A. will hold their regular meeting in the Clover Leaf School next Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock. A lunch will be served after the meeting.

## CROP REPORT

Issued by Department of Agriculture Government of Alberta, Edmonton Saturday, June 20

Rains which have been general throughout the entire province during the past two or three weeks have produced crop conditions more favorable than the province has seen for ten years. At the present time, with the exception of districts where outcrops have been active, the condition of the growing crop may be said to be very satisfactory, and indicative of a heavy yield.

Since last report rains have visited almost every district in the province in varying amounts. In some districts the precipitation has been so heavy as to render the highways almost impassable. In practically all districts a vigorous crop growth is being witnessed, and in fact all plant growth is greater than has been seen for a number of years. The prospects may be said to be much better than at this time in 1923, because the satisfactory conditions are more general.

The following reports of rain have been received, and these may be taken as fairly indicative of the precipitation throughout the province. The reports cover for the most part the first two weeks of June. Raymond, 2.50 inches; Peace River good rains; Lacombe 3 inches since May 27; Olds 1.79 inches in June to date; Youngstown 1.07 inches in June; Vermilion 1.75 inches; Medicine Hat one to two inches within ten days; Vegreville 1.75 inches in June; Sedgewick 2 inches since last report; Lethbridge heavy rains in whole district.

Further reports on acreage indicate that the general increase in wheat will be from 5 to 10 per cent., while the coarser grains will also show a slight increase. The hay crop will be heavy, and there is a big increase in corn and other fodder crops in the south. The new sugar beet crop in the Lethbridge territory is doing well.

Several hail storms have occurred during the past week, but the damage is small thus far. Cutworms have done considerable in the east central district and will be responsible for a smaller yield than otherwise would have been obtained. Grasshoppers have been active in the Peace River and Grande Prairie districts but are under control.

## Ideal Crop Weather In Chinook District

With plenty of moisture and warm weather during the past week, crops in the Chinook district are making rapid growth. In the Rearville district many fields of wheat are from 20 inches to 2 feet high with a splendid even stand. The crops in the Collholme district, while some apparently have been seeded late, and some patchy fields probably due to cut worms, yet there are many good fields of wheat. West of town there are also many good fields. North and east of Chinook the crops do not seem to have suffered from the cut worm, but there are some late sown fields which, however, are doing well. On the whole the prospects are very good, and with favorable weather this district will harvest a very fine crop.

## Big Party of Editors Coming

Word has been received that the American Agricultural Editors Association, including representatives of 100 of the largest farm journals in the United States, will visit Alberta in September, and will spend a day at Edmonton, and also visit other points in the province. This party represents journals with a combined circulation of more than eight million copies.

Neighbor (bearer of message, breathlessly)—"You're wanted at home, Charlie. Yer wife's just presented yer with another rebate off yer income tax."

—London Punch

## It's The Truth

Many a bird packs his trunk because he has lost his grip.

## Village of Chinook

Notice is hereby given that if all arrears of taxes imposed in 1924 in respect of any parcel of land situated within this municipality are not paid on or before the first day of July next, such land will be dealt with under the provisions of the Tax Recovery Act, 1922, with a view to obtaining title in the name of the municipality in the respect of such parcel.

A. McAlister,  
Secretary-Treasurer  
Village of Chinook

## Will Speak at the Chautauqua Cereal, July 15 to 21



Jodra Balo, who will appear on the Chautauqua. He is a dynamic character with a worth-while message.

## M. L. CHAPMAN Chinook, Alta.

GENERAL DRAYING  
All orders promptly attended to

J. S. Smith  
The Wood-Work Repair Shop  
Furniture Repaired, Storm Doors and Windows Repaired,  
Shoe Repairing a Specialty  
CHINOOK - ALTA.

Chas. E. Neff  
Call and see our Samples of  
Summer Suits  
Will be in town every Saturday.

CHINOOK - ALTA.

JOHN N. KEY  
Provincial Auctioneer  
Terms Reasonable.  
Dates can be arranged at The Chinook Advance Office.

Chinook - Phone R 714.

FOR SALE  
Shorthorn Bull, 4 years old.  
Apply to—Russell Marr, Section 28-28-8, eight miles south west of Chinook.

## At the Elevators

(Prices Paid Yesterday)	
Wheat	
1 Northern .....	1.42
2 Northern .....	1.38
3 Northern .....	1.33
Oats	
2 C.W. ....	.42
3 W. ....	.38



Crocus Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A. A.F. & A.M.  
Meets at 8 p.m. he Wednesday on or after the full moon.  
Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

S. H. SMITH,  
W. M.

M. L. CHAPMAN,  
Secretary

## King Restaurant

Meals at all hours. All kinds of Tobacco, Candies and Soft Drinks

Chinook - Alta.

## Mah Bros. Cafe

GOOD MEALS  
Short Orders at all hours  
Ice Cream Soft Drinks  
Confectionery, Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobacco

## W. W. ISBISTER

General Blacksmith

Coulters and Dics Sharpened.

Horse shoeing and General Wood Work Repairing.

We guarantee our work.

CHINOOK - ALTA.

## L. E. Ormond,

B.A., LL.B.,  
Graduate of University of St. Francis  
Xavier's College and Dalhousie  
Law School  
Barrister, Solicitor  
Notary Public  
Trusts & Guarantee Building,  
220 A., 8th Ave., West,  
Calgary, Alberta

## Dr. C. E. Messenger

CHIROPRACTOR  
X-Ray and Neurocalometer Service  
364 LEBSON-LINEHAM BLOCK,  
CALGARY, ALTA.

## Protect Your Crops Against Hail!

Place Your Insurance With  
H. E. Bradford

Agent for the Largest Companies.  
CHINOOK, ALBERTA

## Chinook Fair, August 6th.

## Building Material

Come and see us when in the need of Building Material. We carry a complete stock of Lumber, Lime, Cement, Cedar Posts, Building Paper, Sash and Doors, also Screen Doors. In fact everything in the line of Material.

Car of Willow Posts just arrived. Garage 10x16 for Sale Reasonable.

Imperial Lumber Yards  
CHINOOK, ALBERTA

- Buy Advertised Goods -

## CREAM, CREAM, CREAM

We are the oldest established Creamery in Southern and Central Alberta and are in the cream business to give it every attention. We need your cream and pay the highest Market Prices for it.

We were the first to pay cash for each and every Can of Cream, and to out of town shippers, we mail cheque same day as cream is received.

We Guarantee Satisfaction, Correct Grade And Test With Prompt Returns

The Central Creameries

Phone 16 Youngstown, Alta.

## TO SEARCH FOR TREASURE IN FAR NORTH



Five men from Hull, England, all unmarried and of ages ranging from 22 to 50, sailed from Liverpool recently by Canadian Pacific S.S. Montclare on the quest of a rich vein of silver, said to be hidden in "No Man's Land" of the Great Northwest. The mine is claimed to be in the vicinity of the Mackenzie River, District of Alaska, and is located in a cliff hundreds of miles from civilization. The last port before striking the trail will be Wrangell, Alaska. The party is led by John Riley, engineer, aged 50, who had much experience in the Klondike gold region. The rest of the party are Thomas Thompson, sailor, aged 25; Joseph Millard, jeweller, aged 22; Robert Flemming, engineer, aged 28, and Ernest Starke, confectioner, aged 32. When they find the mine, they will stake it and return to England to form a company for its development. As they passed through Saint John, N.B., the party was full of confidence and hope to return to the Old Country by next October.